## Consumer & Life Studies Brunswick School Department Early Childhood Education Theories

	<ul> <li>Theories of child development help us understand how personality,</li> </ul>
Essential	behavior and knowledge are learned.
Understandings	<ul> <li>Insecure attachment causes long term problems in development.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>How is development interpreted?</li> </ul>
Essential	<ul> <li>How is development interpreted?</li> <li>What is the basis of Freud's psychosexual theories?</li> </ul>
Questions	<ul> <li>How does Jean Piaget explain cognitive development?</li> </ul>
QUESTIONS	<ul> <li>How does Searr laget explain cognitive development?</li> <li>How does Erik Erikson categorize psychosocial development?</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Development can be explained in various categories including</li> </ul>
	emotional/social, cognitive and psychosexual.
	<ul> <li>Freud believed that the personality developed during a series of</li> </ul>
	childhood stages in which pleasure seeking energy was sexually
Essential	related to behavior.
Knowledge	<ul> <li>Jean Piaget developed a series of stages to explain how the mind</li> </ul>
-	gathers and interprets information.
	<ul> <li>Erik Erikson described stages throughout life in which behavior</li> </ul>
	develops in positive or negative ways depending on social
	interactions.
	<ul> <li>Insecure attachment can have many causes and can result in a</li> </ul>
	variety of damaging consequences throughout life.
	• <u>Terms</u> :
	<ul> <li>theory, psychosexual, oral, anal, phallic, oedipal, latent,</li> <li>apprinted infantile appracia fixation, cognitive development</li> </ul>
Vocabulary	genital, infantile amnesia, fixation, cognitive development, sensorimotor, preoperational thought, concrete operations,
Vocabulary	reversibility, conservation of matter, formal operations,
	schemata, autonomy, shame, guilt, initiative, industry,
	inferiority, identity, role-confusion, intimacy, isolation,
	generativity, stagnation, ego-integrity, despair, insecure
	attachment, psychotic
	<ul> <li>Differentiate between theories and facts.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Interpret Freud's stages of development and defend or criticize</li> </ul>
	them.
	<ul> <li>Explain how Piaget's theory applies to cognitive development.</li> </ul>
Essential	<ul> <li>Give examples of how Piaget's theory can be tested.</li> </ul>
Skills	<ul> <li>Describe detailed characteristics of each of Erikson's stages.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Relate Erikson's stages to one's own and others' development.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Identify the signs of insecure attachment.</li> <li>Distinguish between mild and equare symptoms of insecure</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Distinguish between mild and severe symptoms of insecure attachment</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>attachment.</li> <li>Determine how insecure attachment can be remedied.</li> </ul>

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	Career and Education Development
	A. Learning About Self and Interpersonal Relationships
	A1.Self-Knowledge and Self-Concept
	Students reflect on and/or analyze interests, skills, habits of
	mind, and experiences to maintain a positive self-concept and
	to aid them in making career and life decisions.
	a. School-to-school decisions
	b. School-to-work decisions
	A3.Interpersonal Skills
	Students demonstrate behaviors that reflect positive
	interpersonal skills and evaluate successful strategies that
	improve positive interpersonal skills in ways that lead to
	success in a variety of school, work, and community settings.
	a. Getting along with others
Related	b. Respecting diversity
Maine Learning	c. Working as a member of a team
Results	d. Managing conflict
	e. Accepting/giving/using constructive feedback
	f. Accepting responsibility for personal behavior
	g. Demonstrating ethical behavior
	h. Following established rules/etiquette for observing/listening
	i. Demonstrating safe behavior
	j. Dealing with peer pressure
	B. Learning About and Exploring Education and Career and Life
	Roles
	B2.Skills for Individual/Personal Success in the 21 <sup>st</sup> Century
	Students evaluate strategies to improve skills that lead to
	lifelong learning and success in the classroom, and the
	achievement of schoolwork, work and career, and personal life
	goals.
	a. Literacy skills
	c. Critical thinking skills
	e. Interpersonal skills
	f. Other academic skills and knowledge

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Sample Lessons And Activities	<ul> <li>Read through and discuss interpretations and examples of psychosexual, psychosocial and cognitive development theories through the use of handouts.</li> <li>Take notes covering the causes and results of insecure attachment.</li> <li>View a film that covers the diagnosis and treatment of three insecurely attached babies and answer analytical questions on an accompanying worksheet.</li> <li>View a film of a real life story of a severely unattached girl to identify causes and effects, plus appraise the success of treatment.</li> <li>Discuss the films to compare the various child development issues including their application to Erik Erikson's theory.</li> </ul>
Sample	<ul> <li>Quizzes</li> </ul>
Classroom	<ul> <li>Video worksheets</li> </ul>
Assessment	<ul> <li>Discussion participation</li> </ul>
Methods	<ul> <li>Test</li> </ul>
Sample Resources	<ul> <li><u>Videos:</u> <ul> <li><u>When the Bough Breaks</u></li> <li><u>Child of Rage</u></li> </ul> </li> </ul>