World Languages French I

Unit 2: Education and Leisure

_	 Language enables communication.
Essential	 Language is inextricably linked to culture.
Understandings	 Western languages have certain structural similarities.
	What is a typical school day like for a French student?
Essential	How do students spend their leisure time?
Questions	How do the habits of the French differ from Americans?
	How do these differences reflect our cultures? The differences reflect our cultures?
	There are similarities and differences in the use of educational and
Essential	leisure time in France and the U.S.
Knowledge	Other countries use a 24-hour clock. There are regular work groups in French.
	There are regular verb groups in French. Students talk shout likes and dislikes.
	Students talk about likes and dislikes.
Vocabulani	Terms:
Vocabulary	 school subjects, leisure activities, -er verbs, time
	Describe typical school day and after school activities w/friends.
	Talk about likes and dislikes.
Essential	 Use negative construction (oral & written).
Skills	Compare schools in U.S. & France.
J.41110	Ask for and tell time.
	World Languages
	A. Communication
	A1. Interpersonal
	Students express their own thoughts and opinions about
	familiar topics and elicit the thoughts and opinions of others by
	using strings of sentences and/or short paragraphs. Students
	of modern languages use pronunciation and intonation which
	would be comprehensible to a native speaker accustomed to
	interacting with language learners.
Related	a. Interact in a variety of social situations including formal and
Maine Learning	informal personal exchanges and/or phone inquiries.
Results	b. Provide and exchange detailed information on familiar
	topics, orally and in writing.
	d. Express agreement and disagreement, orally and in writing,
	supporting opinions with simple reasoning.
	A4. Language Comparisons
	Students use their understanding of the nature of language to
	enhance their communication in the target language.
	b. Identify examples of vocabulary in both languages that do
	not translate directly from one language to another. d. Identify examples of vocabulary (in English and the
	target language) that convey different meanings in different
	contexts.

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	B. Culture B1. Practice and Perspectives
	Students identify and explain how perspectives of a culture(s)
	are related to cultural practices of a culture(s) in which the
	target language is spoken
	a. Identify and explain the reason behind significant practices
	of a culture(s) in which the target language is spoken.
	c. Identify differences in cultural practices among peoples that
	speak the same language.
	B3. Comparison with Own Culture
	Students explain how products, practices, and perspectives of a
Related	culture(s) in which the target language is spoken contribute to the culture in which the student lives.
Maine Learning	b. Explain the reasons for a variety of similarities and
Results	differences between the culture in which the student lives
Nesuits	and the culture(s) in which the target language is spoken.
	c. Use the target language in a manner that would be
	considered appropriate by native speakers and explains
	what makes it appropriate communication.
	C. Connections
	C1. Knowledge of Other Learning Results Content Areas
	Students use the target language to enhance their knowledge
	of other Learning Results content areas.
	a. Provide examples of grammatical knowledge acquired in the
	target language that are used to achieve a better
Correcte	understanding of grammatical structures in English.
Sample	Compare your schedule (in French) w/ partner
Lessons And	Time bingoVerb relay
Activities	Short composition
Sample	Quizzes
Classroom	Skits
Assessment	Composition
Methods	Listening comprehension
	Reading comprehension
	Publications:
Sample	o <u>Bienvenue</u> - McGraw-Hill
Resources	■ <u>Videos:</u>
	o <u>Bienvenue</u>