

Who were the _____ ?



British who wanted to separate from the Church of England and physically leave England (known as “_____”)

the ones that left England and came to America were called “_____”

1620

102 English Pilgrims left Holland for America aboard the _____

half were “_____” - Puritans

half were “_____” - non-Puritans



The _____

November 11, 1620

Written and signed before the Pilgrims disembarked from the ship.



was an agreement to form a basic _____

stated that all _____ would

make laws in town meetings

The First Year in Plymouth...

Winter, 1620-1621

Only _____ out of the original _____ Pilgrims survived this winter.

When the Mayflower sailed back to Europe in 1621,
_____ of the survivors stayed in the New World.



Fall, 1621

First “_____.”

Plymouth Colony survived by trading fur, fish, and lumber.

Plymouth stayed small, with only 7,000 people by 1691.

Eventually became part of the _____

Fun Fact: It wasn't until 1863 that Thanksgiving was proclaimed an official US holiday [by President Lincoln].

Plymouth Plantation



Highlight the portions of the text in the next few slides that answer each of the following questions and then mark each piece of highlighted text with the associated number.

The questions appear in the same order as they do in the slides.

1. What did the leaders of the MA Bay colony do that Roger Williams disagreed with?
2. What was Roger Williams convicted of? What happened to him?
3. Who was Anne Hutchinson?
4. What was she charged with? What happened to her?
5. What former relationship do Maine and New Hampshire share with Massachusetts?
6. Who was Thomas Hooker?

Rhode Island



Roger Williams was a young, popular minister in Salem, MA
Did not believe the MA Bay government treated Native Americans fairly.

Did not think the government should regulate religious behavior.

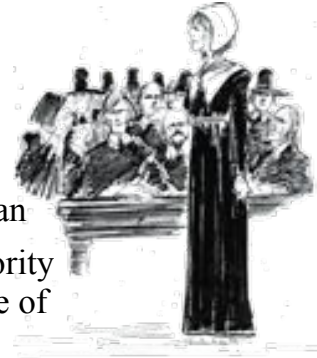
1635:

found guilty of preaching “newe & dangerous opinions” and was exiled.
founded the colony of Rhode Island.

Anne Hutchinson



intelligent,
strong-willed,
well-spoken woman
challenged the authority
of the men in charge of
the
MA Bay Colony



She was charged with antinomianism,
which means “against the law”

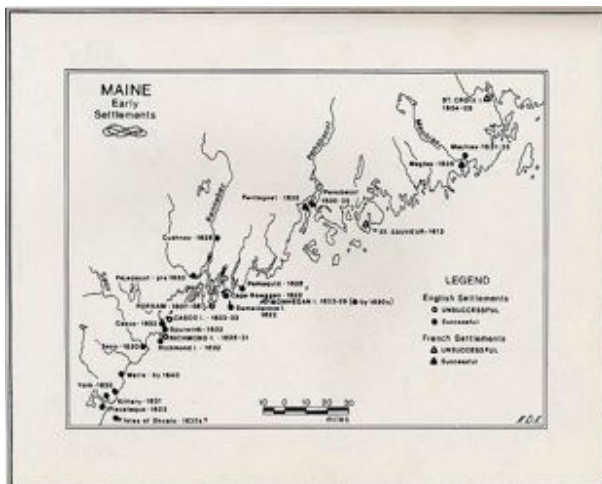
she said if living a holy life was no sign of salvation, then the saved
didn't need to obey God or man's laws (!)

Puritan leaders banished her

she & her family traveled to RI and later to NY.

She and all but one member of her family were killed in an Indian attack
in Westchester County

Maine and New Hampshire



In 1623, Maine was annexed by
Massachusetts.

Maine remained part of
Massachusetts for nearly 150
years (until 1820).



In 1641, New Hampshire was
annexed by Massachusetts.

New Hampshire remained part
of Massachusetts until 1679.



Connecticut Colony

Thomas Hooker was a Puritan minister and member of the Massachusetts Bay Colony. He believed that the laws of the colony should be based on what the people wanted – not the leaders. Puritan leaders forced him to leave the colony so he moved to land along the Connecticut River.

In 1636, the settlers who lived along the Connecticut River joined together to form the Connecticut Colony.



The New England Colonies, 1650

