Basic US History

2015 Final Exam

Study Guide

***Format of your final exam:***

Your final exam will includes matching, true or false, fill-in, document-based, essay questions, and a map of the US (it will look like our regular exams).

***Suggestions for studying for your exam:***

1. Find a quiet place to study without distractions.

2. Assemble the homework, handouts, and notes you completed during the second semester.

3. Go through the list of information below and identify the items you know and the items you don’t know.

 > Check off the items you know in the list – you don’t need to study them again!

 > Highlight the items in the list you DON’T know – these are the ones you need to look up!

4. Write out identifications for the items you don’t know. Use flashcards, write them out, type them, use an online study aide like “Quizlet” – whatever works best for you!

5. Quiz yourself or have someone else quiz you on the items you didn’t initially know at least once the night before the exam.

6. Your Final Exam is on **Wednesday, June 17th from 8:00-9:30**

**Unit 5 – The Civil War**

*the map of the Union and Confederacy*

Missouri/Maine Compromise

popular sovereignty

Fugitive Slave Law

Kansas-Nebraska Act

transcontinental railroad

Bleeding Kansas

John Brown

Dred Scott

Harper’s Ferry

Border States

Gen. George B. McClellan

Gen. Robert E. Lee

Battle of Antietam Creek

abolitionist

William Lloyd Garrison

Frederick Douglass

Underground Railroad

Harriet Tubman

Harriet Beecher Stowe

*Uncle Tom’s Cabin*

Emancipation Proclamation

Joshua Chamberlain

Gettysburg Address

Ulysses S. Grant

Appomattox Court House

Freedmen’s Bureau

Lincoln’s Assassination

John Wilkes Booth

black codes & Jim Crow laws

sharecropping & tenant farming

13th, 14th, 15th Amendments

Scalawags & Carpetbaggers

Compromise of 1877

*Plessy v. Ferguson*

**Unit 6 – America Expands**

Manifest Destiny

transcontinental railroad

telegraph, time zones

Battle of Little Bighorn/Custer's Last Stand

railroads/buffalo

imperialism

“yellow journalism”

the Hawaiian Islands, Queen Liliuokalani

Spanish-American War

U.S.S. Maine/“Remember the Maine!”

TR “Rough Riders”

“Speak softly and carry a big stick”

Panama Canal

Alexander Graham Bell, telephone

Thomas Edison, light bulb, etc.

mass production

Andrew Carnegie & John D. Rockefeller

vertical integration, horizontal consolidation

company town

Chinese Exclusion Act of 1882

urbanization, tenements

16th, 17th, 18th Amendments

Booker T. Washington, Tuskegee Institute

W.E.B. DuBois, NAACP, Atlanta University

Upton Sinclair’s The Jungle

Meat Inspection & Pure Food and Drug Acts

**Unit 7 – Changing America**

*the WWI map we used in class*

WWI & MAIN

Archduke Francis Ferdinand

Gavrilo Princip/the Black Hand

Central Powers v. Allied Powers

“The Great War”/“The War to End All Wars”

German U-boats & the *Lusitania*

Zimmerman Telegram

Eastern Front/Western Front

Selective Service Act

“doughboys”

armistice/11/11/18

War Industries Board

Fuel Administration

Food Administration

victory gardens

Committee on Public Information

“Big Four”

Wilson’s Fourteen Points & League of Nations

Paris Peace Conference/Treaty of Versailles

war guilt clause, reparations

Washington Conference

prohibition, speakeasies

mobs, Chicago, “Scarface” Al Capone

Immigration Act of 1924

Harlem Renaissance

Ku Klux Klan of the 1920s

Henry Ford’s assembly line

“Flappers” & “bobbed” hair

Franklin Delano Roosevelt, polio

The Hundred Days

Bank Holiday

“the only thing we have to fear is fear itself. . . .”

the New Deal

Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC)

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC)

Home Owners’ Loan Corporation (HOLC)

Agricultural Adjustment Administration (AAA)

National Recovery Administration (NRA)

Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC)

Federal Emergency Relief Administration (FERA)

**Unit 8 – WWII**

Benito Mussolini: Il Duce

Adolf Hitler: Der Führer

Nazi Party

*Mein Kampf*

anti-Semitism

master race: “Aryans”

Soviet Union: Joseph Stalin

Axis powers

Rhineland

Sudetenland

Czechoslovakia

Munich Agreement

appeasement

non-aggression pact

Poland: blitzkrieg

Allied powers

the Battle of Britain

Winston Churchill

US withholds oil

December 7, 1941

attack on Pearl Harbor

War Production Board

war bonds, rationing

double “V”

Navajo code talkers

Bracero program

Japanese-American internment

battle of Stalingrad

unconditional surrender

second front

Operation Overlord

June 6, 1944: “D-Day”

Normandy, France

Battle of the Bulge

Roosevelt: April 12, 1945

Harry S. Truman

Hitler: April 30, 1945

Holocaust: genocide

the “final solution”

6 million

death camps: Auschwitz

island hopping

Iwo Jima, Okinawa

kamikazes

“Manhattan Project:” atomic bomb

August 6, 1945: Hiroshima

August 9, 1945: Nagasaki

August 15, 1945: “V-J Day”