PrepUS History

Unit 2 - The American Revolution

Road to Revolution IDs Matching

**Directions:**

Write the letter of each term on the line next to its correct identification. You will have no terms left over.

A. “No Taxation Without

Representation”

B. Boston Massacre

C. Boston Tea Party

D. Bunker “Breed’s” Hill

E. Coercive / Intolerable Acts

F. Committees of Correspondence

G. Declaration of Rights and Grievances

H. First Continental Congress

I. French and Indian War

J. Lexington and Concord

K. Proclamation of 1763

L. Quartering Act of 1765

M. salutary neglect

N. Sons of Liberty

O. Stamp Act of 1765

P. Sugar Act of 1764

Q. the Association

R. Townshend Acts of 1767

S. Trade and Navigation Acts

T. Treaty of Paris, 1763

\_\_\_\_\_ 1. 1754-1763 war between France and Great Britain over control of North America

\_\_\_\_\_ 2. 1772 colonial groups that communicated with other colonies about British

activities

\_\_\_\_\_ 3. Acts that said that all goods shipped between England-colonies must be on

English or colonial ships, some goods could only be shipped to Britain (enumerated), all colonial ships must stop in Britain to pay duty (tax) on way back home

\_\_\_\_\_ 4. began as a harmless snowballing of British soldiers when someone gave the order

to fire; three Bostonians lay dead, two more died later from their wounds; dramatically depicted as “proof” of British heartlessness and tyranny

\_\_\_\_\_ 5. British General Thomas Gage sent a strong detail to confiscate munitions

of Massachusetts colonists; British troops met 70 Minutemen who intended only a silent protest, but as they were withdrawing someone fired a shot, which led the British troops to fire at the Minutemen; British charged with bayonets, leaving eight dead and 10 wounded; often described with Ralph Waldo Emerson’s phrase "the shot heard 'round the world"

\_\_\_\_\_ 6. British government feared settlers migrating westward would provoke Indian

wars; stopped all settlement west of the Appalachian Mountains

\_\_\_\_\_ 7. colonists had no representation in and wanted to elect members British Parliament

(was passing taxation laws)

\_\_\_\_\_ 8. delegates chosen by provincial congresses or popular conventions from every

colony except Georgia met in Philadelphia

\_\_\_\_\_ 9. denounced actions of the British and vowed to stop trade w/Britain until they

stopped treating the colonists badly

\_\_\_\_\_ 10. forbade importation of foreign rum, put a tax on molasses, wines, silks, coffee and

other luxury items; hoped to lowered duty on molasses would reduce smuggling from Dutch and French West Indies to rum distilleries of New England

\_\_\_\_\_ 11. formed by the First Continental Congress; renewed trade boycott against British

\_\_\_\_\_ 12. Great Britain won F&I war and gained all of Canada and all land east of the MS

River from France and Florida from Spain (France’s ally); France then gave LA territory to Spain

\_\_\_\_\_ 13. just outside Boston; colonists marched up Breed’s hill and were surrounded by

British; held their ground until they ran out of ammunition; lost the hill but killed many British soldiers

\_\_\_\_\_ 14. non-interference; Britain let colonies do what they wanted (pretty much)

\_\_\_\_\_ 15. Parliament granted East India Company monopoly on all tea exported to the

colonies; price rose dramatically; men disguised as Native Americans boarded three British ships lying at anchor and dumped their tea cargo into Boston harbor

\_\_\_\_\_ 16. placed import duties on tea, paper, glass, and paint; all but tea tax repealed in

1770 after became unenforceable

\_\_\_\_\_ 17. reaction to the Boston Tea Party; Boston Port Bill closed port of Boston until tea

was paid for; banned most town meetings; required local authorities to find suitable quarters for British troops, in private homes if necessary

\_\_\_\_\_ 18. required colonies to provide royal troops with provisions and barracks

\_\_\_\_\_ 19. secret colonial organizations formed to protest the Stamp Act, often through

violent means

\_\_\_\_\_ 20. tax on newspapers, broadsides, pamphlets, licenses, leases or other legal

documents