

source: Chapter 8 Test

Date 2024 Period

INSTRUCTIONS: (Each question is 6 points with 2 pts/factor)

Simplify each expression.

Clearly show work (however, you are not required to show how you +, -, /, or * exponents)

Use only POSITIVE exponents.

No decimals. in answers

Write answers with variables in ABC order.

CIRCLE YOUR FINAL ANSWER.

* 1) $4zy^3 \cdot 2zx^0y^4$

$8 \cancel{x^1} y^7 z^2 = \boxed{8y^7z^2}$

* 2) $-yx^2 \cdot -6xy \cdot -5x^4y^3$

$\boxed{-30x^7y^5}$

* MULTIPLY NUMBERS

* ADD EXPONENTS

* 3) $4x^5y^7z^{-4} \cdot 5x^{-5}z^4$

$20 \cancel{x^0} y^7 \cancel{z^0} = \boxed{20y^7}$

4) $\frac{-5x^3y^5z^5}{-x^3y^4z^4}$

$5 \cancel{x^0} y^1 z^1 = \boxed{5yz}$

* divide numbers + subtract exponents

5) $(-2x^2y^2z^0)^3 \cdot -2x^4y^0z^4$

$(-2)^3 x^6 y^6 z^0 \cdot -2x^4 y^0 z^4$
 $(-8)(-2) x^{10} y^6 z^4$
 $\boxed{16x^{10}y^6z^4}$

power to power → MULT exponents

6) $-2y^2z^3 \cdot (2x^2y^4z^3)^0$

$\boxed{-2y^2z^3}$

$x^0 = 1$
anything to zero is 1

7) $(-x^3y^2)^2 \cdot (2y^3)^4$

$(-1)^2 x^6 y^4 \cdot 2^4 y^{12} =$

$\boxed{16x^6y^{16}}$

8) $3x^4z^3 \cdot 3y^{-2}z^{-3}$

$9x^4y^{-2}z^0$

ALL exponents must be positive

$\boxed{\frac{9x^4}{y^2}}$

$$9) x^4 y^4 \cdot (2y^{-4})^4$$

$$x^4 y^4 \cdot 2^4 x^{-16} y^{-16}$$

$$16 x^{-12} y^4$$

$$\boxed{\frac{16 y^4}{x^{12}}}$$

$$11) 2y^3 \cdot (2x^3 y^{-6})^3$$

$$2y^3 \cdot 2^3 x^9 y^{-18}$$

$$2 \cdot 8 x^9 y^{-15}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{16 x^9}{y^{15}}}$$

$$10) (2x)^{-2} \cdot xy^4$$

$$(2)^{-2} x^{-2} \cdot xy^4$$

$$\frac{xy^4}{(2)^2 x^2} = \frac{x^{-1} y^4}{4}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{y^4}{4x}}$$

$$12) 2x^6 \cdot (-2x^2 y^2)^5$$

$$2x^6 \cdot (-2)^5 x^{10} y^{10}$$

$$2 \cdot -32 x^{16} y^{10}$$

$$\boxed{-64 x^{16} y^{10}}$$

$$13) \frac{3x^3 y^2 \cdot 3x^3 y^{-3}}{4y^2}$$

simplify num

$$\frac{9x^6 y^{-1}}{4y^2}$$

simplify den

$$\frac{9x^6 y^{-3}}{4}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{9x^6}{4y^3}}$$

$$14) \left(\frac{xy^{-4} \cdot 2x^{-2} y^0}{x^4} \right)^2$$

MULT EVERY EXPONENT times 2

$$\frac{x^2 y^{-8} (2)^2 x^{-4} y^0}{x^8}$$

simplify num

$$\frac{4x^{-2} y^{-8}}{x^8}$$

den

$$4x^{-10} y^{-8} =$$

$$\boxed{\frac{4}{x^{10} y^8}}$$

STEP 1 -
ALWAYS FACTOR
GCF

Factor each completely.

15) $-21n^2 + 30n + 24$

NEG A FACTOR OUT
-1

$$-3(7n^2 - 10n - 8)$$

$$-3(7n + 4)(n - 2)$$

17) $-6n^3 + 36n^2 + 240n$

$$-6n(n^2 - 6n - 40)$$

$$-6n(n + 4)(n - 10)$$

19) $32x^5 - 40x^4 + 32x^3 - 40x^2$

$$8x^2(4x^3 - 5x^2 + 4x - 5)$$

$$8x^2[x^2(4x - 5) + 1(4x - 5)]$$

$$8x^2(4x - 5)(x^2 + 1)$$

Since cannot factor more

21) $16x^2 - 80x + 100$ PSQ

$$4(4x^2 - 20x + 25)$$

$$4(2x - 5)(2x - 5)$$

OR

$$4(2x - 5)^2$$

16) $6x^3 - 28x^2 + 16x$

$$2x(3x^2 - 14x + 8)$$

$$2x(3x - 2)(x - 4)$$

18) $5x^4 - 5x^3 - 280x^2$

$$5x^2(x^2 - x - 56)$$

$$5x^2(x + 7)(x - 8)$$

20) $21a^3 - 28a^2 - 84a + 112$

FACTOR BY GROUPING

$$7(3a^3 - 4a^2 - 12a + 16)$$

$$7[a^2(3a - 4) - 4(3a - 4)]$$

$$7(3a - 4)(a^2 - 4)$$

$$7(3a - 4)(a - 2)(a + 2)$$

22) $18n^4 - 8n^2$

$$2n^2(9n^2 - 4)$$

$$2n^2(3n - 2)(3n + 2)$$

Solve each equation by factoring. Leave solution(s) as fractions.

→ Remeber to use your calculator to check in the original equation! •

23) $13x^2 - 35x + 52 = -8 + 8x^2$

$$5x^2 - 35x + 60 = 0$$

$$5(x^2 - 7x + 12) = 0$$

$$5(x-3)(x-4) = 0$$

$$x-3=0$$

$$x=3$$

$$C: 64 = 64 \checkmark$$

$$x-4=0$$

$$x=4$$

$$C: 120 = 120$$

24) $4n^2 + 28n - 62 = -6 + 8n$

$$4n^2 + 20n - 56 = 0$$

$$4(n^2 + 5n - 14) = 0$$

$$4(n+7)(n-2) = 0$$

$$n+7=0$$

$$n=-7$$

$$C: -62 = -62 \checkmark$$

$$n-2=0$$

$$n=2$$

$$C: 10 = 10 \checkmark$$

25) $-140x^3 + 160x^2 = -35x + 40$

$$0 = 140x^3 - 160x^2 - 35x + 40$$

$$0 = 5(28x^3 - 32x^2 - 7x + 8)$$

$$0 = 5[4x^2(7x-8) - 1(7x-8)]$$

$$0 = 5(7x-8)(4x^2-1)$$

$$0 = 5(7x-8)(2x-1)(2x+1)$$

$$5=0$$

$$7x-8=0$$

$$x=8/7$$

$$2x-1=0$$

$$x=1/2$$

$$2x+1=0$$

$$x=-1/2$$

Remember to do Calc checks

in orig eq

26) $8x^8 + 4x^7 = 8x^6 + 4x^5$

$$8x^8 + 4x^7 - 8x^6 - 4x^5 = 0$$

$$4x^5(2x^3 + x^2 - 2x - 1) = 0$$

$$4x^5[x^2(2x+1) - 1(2x+1)] = 0$$

$$4x^5(2x+1)(x^2-1) = 0$$

$$4x^5(2x+1)(x-1)(x+1) = 0$$

$$2x+1=0$$

$$x=-1/2$$

$$x-1=0$$

$$x=1$$

$$x+1=0$$

$$x=-1$$

$$4x^5=0$$

$$x=0$$

(page 2) Solve each equation by factoring. Leave solution(s) as fractions.

→ Remember to use your calculator to check in the original equation!

27) $5x^2 = 10x$

$$5x^2 - 10x = 0$$

$$5x(x-2) = 0$$

$$5x = 0$$

$$x = 0$$

$$C: 0 = 0 \checkmark$$

$$x - 2 = 0$$

$$x = 2$$

$$C: 20 = 20 \checkmark$$

STEP 1:

Set EQ = 0

STEP 2:

Factor GCF

Then keep

factoring
if possible

STEP 3:

Set every factor = 0

→ SOLVE

28) $-5x^3 = 120x - 55x^2$

$$0 = 5x^3 - 55x^2 + 120x$$

$$0 = 5x(x^2 - 11x + 24)$$

$$0 = 5x(x-3)(x-8)$$

$$5x = 0$$

$$x = 0$$

$$C: 0 = 0 \checkmark$$

$$x - 3 = 0$$

$$x = 3$$

$$C: -135 = -135 \checkmark$$

$$x - 8 = 0$$

$$x = 8$$

$$C: -2560 = -2560 \checkmark$$

Special case
1st + last terms
are perfect
squares

29) $36x^3 = 16x$

$$36x^3 - 16x = 0$$

$$4x(9x^2 - 4) = 0$$

$$4x(3x-2)(3x+2) = 0$$

$$4x = 0$$

$$x = 0$$

$$C: 0 = 0 \checkmark$$

$$3x - 2 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$3x + 2 = 0$$

$$x = -\frac{2}{3}$$

SPECIAL CASE
PSQ - PSQ

30) $8x^2 = 24x - 18$

$$8x^2 - 24x + 18 = 0$$

$$2(4x^2 - 12x + 9) = 0$$

$$2(2x-3)(2x-3) = 0$$

$$2 = 0$$

$$2x - 3 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2} \text{ or } 1.5$$

$$C: 18 = 18 \checkmark$$

repeated
factor

Answers to source: Chapter 8 Test (ID: 1)

1) $8z^2y^7$

5) $16x^{10}y^8$

2) $-30y^5x^7$

6) $-2y^2z^3$

3) $20y^7$

7) $16x^6y^{16}$

4) $5yz$

8) $\frac{9x^4}{y^2}$

9) $\frac{16x^4}{y^{12}}$

10) $\frac{y^4}{4x}$

11) $\frac{16x^9}{y^{15}}$

12) $-64x^{16}y^{10}$

13) $\frac{9x^6}{4y^3}$

14) $\frac{4}{y^8x^{10}}$

15) $-3(7n+4)(n-2)$

16) $2x(3x-2)(x-4)$

17) $-6n(n-10)(n+4)$

18) $5x^2(x-8)(x+7)$

19) $8x^2(x^2+1)(4x-5)$

20) $7(a-2)(a+2)(3a-4)$

21) $4(2x-5)(2x-5)$

22) $2n^2(3n+2)(3n-2)$

23) $5(x-3)(x-4)=0$

24) $4(n+7)(n-2)=0$

25) $-5(7x-8)(2x+1)(2x-1)=0$

$x=\{3, 4\}$

$n=\{-7, 2\}$

$x=8/7, -1/2, 1/2$

26) $4x^5(2x+1)(x+1)(x-1)=0$

27) $5x(x-2)=0$

$x=0, -1/2, -1, 1$

$x=\{0, 2\}$

28) $-5(7x-8)(2x+1)(2x-1)=0$

29) $4x(3x+2)(3x-2)=0$

$x=\{0, 3, 8\}$

$x=0, 2/3, -2/3$

30) $2(2x-3)^2=0$

$x=3/2$ or 1.5

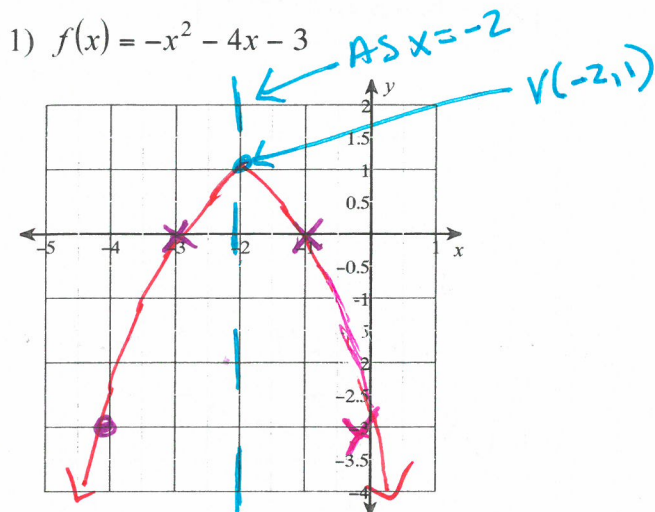
SOURCE: Chapter 10 Test (complete sq & WP)

Date _____ Period _____

DIRECTIONS- CLEARLY SHOW WORK TO RECEIVE ANY CREDIT!!!!

Solve and check by Graphing. (12 pts each)

- 1) Clearly graph each function and label the graph with key features: Y-INTERCEPT(Y), vertex(V), axis of symmetry (AS), and solutions (X).
- 2) Clearly show calculations for the vertex and axis of symmetry.
- 3) Clearly plot 5 points and provide the table for these points.
- 4) Identify solutions by writing "SOLUTIONS are x=..."



$A = -1$ $B = -4$ $C = -3$
 $\uparrow$
 y_{INT}

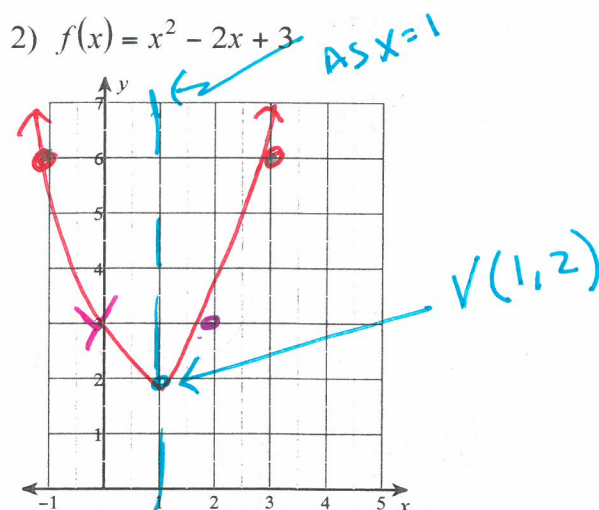
AS: $x = \frac{-B}{2A} = \frac{4}{2(-1)}$

$x = -2$

x	-4	-3	-2	-1	0
y	-3	0	1	0	-3

Solutions

$x = -1, -3$



$A = 1$ $B = -2$ $C = 3$
 $\uparrow$
 y_{INT}

AS: $x = \frac{2}{2(1)}$

$x = 1$

x	-1	0	1	2	3
y	6	3	2	3	6

Solutions

$x = \text{No solution}$

No x-int's

ISOLATE $\sqrt{\quad}$

Solve each equation by taking square roots. (6 pts each)

3) $9x^2 + 500 = 549$

$$\begin{array}{r} -500 \quad -500 \\ \hline 9x^2 = 49 \\ \frac{9}{9} \quad \frac{9}{9} \end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{\frac{49}{9}}$$

$$x = \pm \frac{\sqrt{49}}{\sqrt{9}}$$

$$x = \pm \frac{7}{3}$$

4) $-8 + 8x^2 = -88$

$$\begin{array}{r} +8 \quad +8 \\ \hline 8x^2 = -80 \\ \frac{8}{8} \quad \frac{8}{8} \end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{-10}$$

$$x = \text{NO SOLUTION}$$

Cannot take $\sqrt{\quad}$ of a neg number

Now TAKE $\sqrt{\quad}$

Solve each equation by completing the square. (6 pts each)

5) $x^2 - 6x - 5 = -10$

$$x^2 - 6x + \boxed{9} = -5 + \boxed{9}$$

$$\sqrt{(x-3)^2} = \sqrt{4}$$

$$x-3 = \pm 2$$

$$x = 3+2$$

$$x = 5$$

$$x = 3-2$$

$$x = 1$$

6) $x^2 + 16x + 54 = -9$

$$\begin{array}{r} -54 \quad -54 \\ \hline x^2 + 16x + \boxed{64} = -63 + \boxed{64} \end{array}$$

$$\sqrt{(x+8)^2} = \sqrt{1}$$

$$x+8 = \pm 1$$

$$x = -8 \pm 1$$

$$x = -8+1$$

$$x = -7$$

$$x = -8-1$$

$$x = -9$$

Solve each equation with the Quadratic formula. Check. (6 pts each)

7) $-x^2 = -14 - 5x$

$$0 = x^2 - 5x - 14$$

$$A=1 \quad B=-5 \quad C=-14$$

$$x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{25 - 4(1)(-14)}}{2(1)}$$

$$x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{81}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{5+9}{2}$$

$$x = 7$$

$$C: -49 = -49 \checkmark$$

$$x = \frac{5-9}{2}$$

$$x = -2$$

$$C: -4 = -4 \checkmark$$

8) $-4x^2 + 5x - 21 = x - 5x^2$

$$x^2 + 4x - 21 = 0$$

$$A=1 \quad B=4 \quad C=-21$$

$$x = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 4(1)(-21)}}{2(1)}$$

$$x = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{100}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{-4+10}{2}$$

$$x = 3$$

$$C: -42 = -42 \checkmark$$

$$x = \frac{-4-10}{2}$$

$$x = -7$$

$$-252 = -252 \checkmark$$

Solve and check equation with the quadratic formula. Round 2 decimals. CHECK REQUIRED!
(8pts)

9) $-2x^2 - 9x + 3 = 0$ $A = -2$ $B = -9$ $C = 3$

$$X = \frac{9 \pm \sqrt{81 - 4(-2)(3)}}{2(-2)}$$

$$X = \frac{9 \pm \sqrt{105}}{-4}$$

$$X = \frac{9 + \sqrt{105}}{-4}$$

$$X \approx -4.81$$

$$C: 0.0178 \approx 0 \checkmark$$

$$X = \frac{9 - \sqrt{105}}{-4}$$

$$X \approx 0.31$$

$$C: 0.0178 \approx 0 \checkmark$$

Solve each quadratic equation using any algebraic method (taking square roots, completing the square, quadratic formula, or factoring). (4 pts each)

ANSWERS VARY

Q FORMULA

10) $4n^2 - 7 = -3$ $\leftarrow$ SQ ROOT

$$\begin{array}{r} +7 \quad +7 \\ \hline 4n^2 = 4 \\ \hline 4 \quad 4 \\ \hline n^2 = 1 \\ \hline n = \pm 1 \end{array}$$

$$n = \pm 1$$

11) $-2x^2 - 4x - 2 = 0$

$$A = -2 \quad B = -4 \quad C = -2$$

$$X = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 4(-2)(-2)}}{2(-2)}$$

$$X = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{0}}{-4}$$

$$X = -1$$

12) $x^2 - 80 = -2x$

$$+2x \quad +2x$$

$$x^2 + 2x - 80 = 0$$

$\leftarrow$ FACTOR

8, 10

$$(x+10)(x-8) = 0$$

$$x+10=0$$

$$x = -10$$

$$C: 20 = 20 \checkmark$$

$$x-8=0$$

$$x = 8$$

$$C: -16 = -16 \checkmark$$

13) $4x^2 - 2x = 6$

$$-6 \quad -6$$

$$4x^2 - 2x - 6 = 0$$

Q FORMULA

$$A = 4 \quad B = -2 \quad C = -6$$

$$X = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4 - 4(4)(-6)}}{2(4)}$$

$$X = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{100}}{8}$$

$$x = \frac{2+10}{8}$$

$$x = 1.5$$

$$C: 6 = 6 \checkmark$$

$$x = \frac{2-10}{8}$$

$$x = -1$$

$$C: 6 = 6 \checkmark$$

Find the discriminant of each quadratic equation then state the number of solutions. (6pts each)

14) $-9x^2 + 6x - 7 = -7$
 $-9x^2 + 6x = 0$

$A = -9 \quad B = 6 \quad C = 0$

$D = 36 - 4(-9)(0)$

$D = 36$

→ 2 Solutions

#1 PUT INTO
 $Ax^2 + Bx + C = 0$

#2 FIND

$D = B^2 - 4AC$

#3 $+D \rightarrow 2 \text{ sol}$
 $-D \rightarrow \text{No sol}$
 $D = 0 \rightarrow 1 \text{ sol}$

$D = B^2 - 4AC$

15) $8x^2 + 8x - 6 = -8$
 $+8 \quad +8$

$8x^2 + 8x + 2 = 0$

$A = 8 \quad B = 8 \quad C = 2$

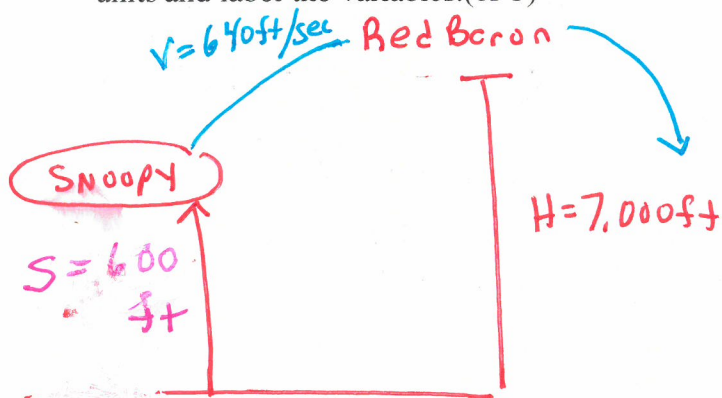
$D = 64 - 4(8)(2)$

$D = 0$

→ 1 SOLUTION

Snoopy is flying 600 feet above the ground and spots his archrival the Red Baron flying at a height of 7,000 feet above the ground. Snoopy has 1 chance to shoot the Red Barron down. His machine gun takes a shot at 640ft/second.

16) (a) Sketch and label the graph. Include units and label the variables. (6PT)



17) Does Snoopy hit the Red Baron? If so, how long will it take bullet to shoot down the Red Baron? Clearly show your work. (4PTs)

Answer in a sentence (2PTs)

$0 = -16T^2 + 640T - 6400$

$A = -16 \quad B = 640 \quad C = -6400$

$T = \frac{-640 \pm \sqrt{409600 - 4(-16)(-6400)}}{2(-16)}$

$T = \frac{-640 \pm \sqrt{0}}{-32}$

$T = 20$

SNOOPY HITS
 THE RED
 BARON AT
 20 seconds

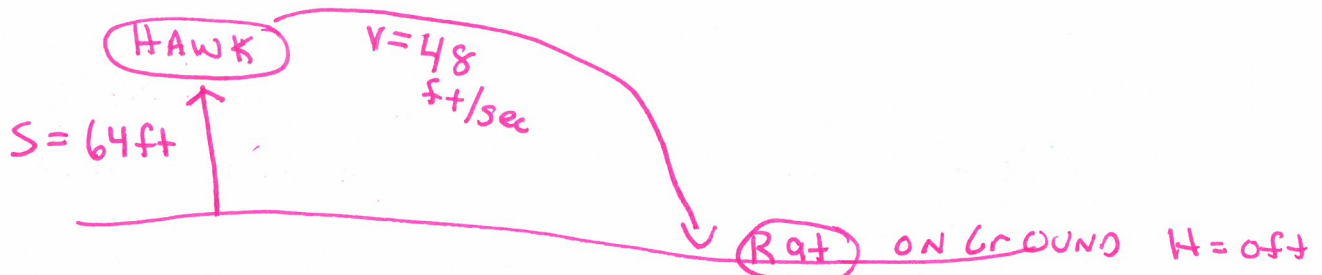
(b) Write the vertical model equation substituting all values (2PT)

$H = -16T^2 + VT + S$ — memorize Vertical Model EQ

$7000 = -16T^2 + 640T + 600$

18) A hawk, flying at a height of 64 feet, spots a rat on the ground. If he dives down to catch the rat at a speed of 48 feet per second, how long will it take him to catch the rat?

(a) Sketch and label the graph. Include units and label the variables. (6PT)



(b) Write the vertical motion equation

(2PT)

$$H = -16T^2 + VT + S$$

$$0 = -16T^2 + 48T + 64$$

(c) Find the time. Clearly show your work. (2PTs)

FACTOR OR USE QUADRATIC FORMULA $\rightarrow$

FACTOR $\Rightarrow$

$$0 = -16T^2 + 48T + 64$$

$$0 = -16(T^2 - 3T - 4)$$

$$0 = -16(T - 4)(T + 1)$$

$\swarrow$ $\searrow$ $\downarrow$
 $-16 = 0$ $T - 4 = 0$ $T + 1 = 0$
 $T = 4$ $T = -1$

Conclusion!

The hawk catches the rat on the ground at 4 seconds

INSTRUCTIONS: Clearly show work for full credit !!!!!!!!!!!!!!! Circle final answers!!

Simplify. NO radicals in the denominator. Simplify fractions. (4 points each)

$$19) 3\sqrt{96} = 3\sqrt{16 \cdot 6} = 12\sqrt{6}$$

$$20) \sqrt{400x^2y^6} = 20xy^2$$

perfect square

$$21) \sqrt{18x^3y} = \sqrt{9x^2} \sqrt{2xy} = 3x\sqrt{2xy}$$

$$22) \sqrt{\frac{144}{81}} = \frac{\sqrt{144}}{\sqrt{81}} = \frac{12}{9} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$23) \frac{\sqrt{9}}{\sqrt{6}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{\sqrt{54}}{6} = \frac{3\sqrt{6}}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}$$

$$24) \frac{\sqrt{4}}{\sqrt{20}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{4} \sqrt{5}} = \frac{2}{2\sqrt{5}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$$

NO RADICAL IN Denominator

$$25) 3\sqrt{3} + 5\sqrt{6} - 3\sqrt{3} = 5\sqrt{6}$$

Combine Like Radicals

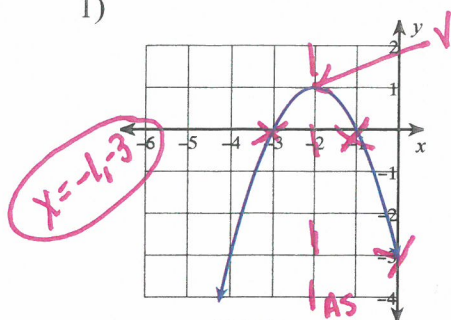
$$26) 3\sqrt{6} + 4\sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{3} = 6\sqrt{6} + 3\sqrt{3}$$

$$27) \sqrt{6}(\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}) = \sqrt{36} + \sqrt{12} = 6 + \sqrt{4}\sqrt{3} = 6 + 2\sqrt{3}$$

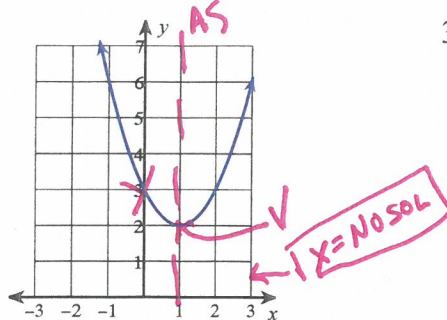
$$28) 2\sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{10}) = 4\sqrt{4} + 2\sqrt{20} = 4 \cdot 2 + 2\sqrt{4 \cdot 5} = 8 + 4\sqrt{5}$$

Answers to SOURCE: Chapter 10 Test (complete sq & WP) (ID: 1)

1)



2)



3) $\{x = \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{7}{3}\}$

4) $\{x = \sqrt{-10}\}$

THEREFORE X=NO SOLUTION

5) $\{5, 1\}$

6) $\{-7, -9\}$

7) $\{-2, 7\}$

8) $\{3, -7\}$

9) $\{0.312, -4.812\}$

10) $\{1, -1\}$

11) $\{-1\}$

12) $\{8, -10\}$

13) $\{\frac{3}{2}, -1\}$

14) $D=36$; two real solutions

15) $D=0$; one real solution

16) $7000 = -16t^2 + 640t + 600$

17) $7000 = -16t^2 + 640t + 600$

$0 = -16t^2 + 640t - 6400$

$0 = -16(t^2 - 40t + 400)$

$0 = -16(t-20)(t-20)$

$t-20=0$

$t=20$

Snoopy hits the Red Barron with his shot at 20 seconds.

18) $0 = -16(t+1)(t-4)$

$t+1=0 \quad t-4=0$

$t=-1, 4$

The hawk will catch the rat in 4 seconds.

21) $3x\sqrt{2xy}$

22) $\frac{12}{9} = \frac{3}{2}$

23) $\frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}$

24) $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$

25) $5\sqrt{6}$

26) $6\sqrt{6} + 3\sqrt{3}$

27) $6 + 2\sqrt{3}$

28) $8 + 4\sqrt{5}$

29) $-24 - 4\sqrt{5}$

30) $8 + 6\sqrt{3}$

31) $-22\sqrt{2}$

32) $\{-9\}$

33) $\{-1\}$

34) $\{-2\}$

35) $\{8, 4\}$

37) $x=1$; -2 is an extraneous solution

36) $x=7$; -3 is an extraneous solution

38) $0 = x^2 - 6x + 8$

x =No solution;

$x=2, 4$ are extraneous solution

Simplify. (6 points each)

29) $(1 - 5\sqrt{5})(1 + \sqrt{5})$

30) $(\sqrt{3} + 1)(\sqrt{3} + 5)$

31) $-3\sqrt{18} - 2\sqrt{8} - 3\sqrt{18}$

----- > Chapter 11 - these problems will not be on the FINAL!!!!!!!

Solve each equation. Remember to check for extraneous solutions. (6 points each)

32) $\sqrt{-5 - x} = 2$

33) $10 = 9 + \sqrt{-1 - 2p}$

34) $\sqrt{1 - 6x} = \sqrt{3 - 5x}$

35) $\sqrt{-32 + 12x} = x$

36) $\sqrt{21 + 4x} = x$

37) $x = \sqrt{2 - x}$

38) $x - 6 = \sqrt{-6x + 28}$