

NOV 2023

Date _____ Period _____

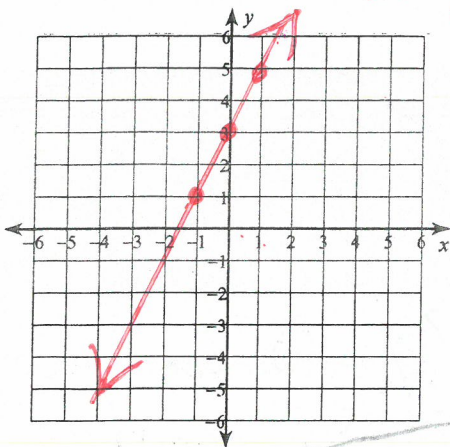
4.2 Practice: TABLE METHOD

Graph each line...

(1) rewrite in function notation; (2) create a table with 3 points; (3) graph the line.

1) $y = 2x + 3$

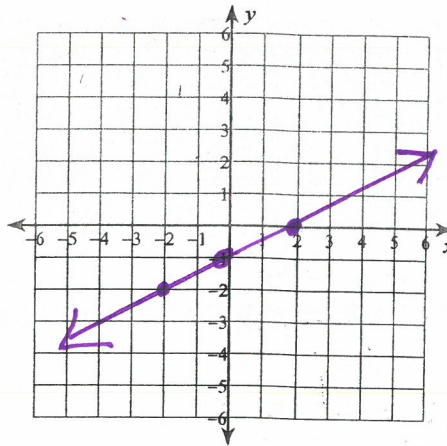
before x is an integer so use $x = -1, 0, 1$



2) $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$

WITH NO DECIMALS

When the # before x is a fraction, use MULTIPLES OF DENOMINATOR



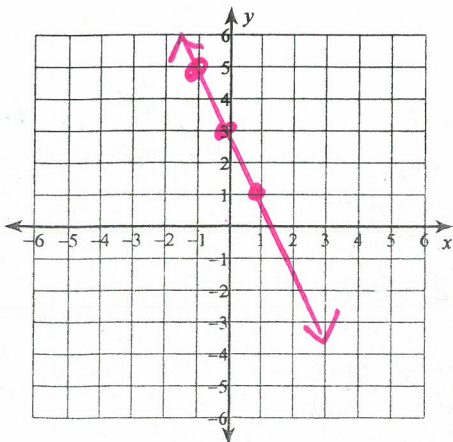
x	y
2	0
0	-1
-2	-2

mental work

x	y
-1	1
0	3
1	5

$\rightarrow y = 2(-1) + 3 = 1$
 $\rightarrow y = 2(0) + 3 = 3$
 $\rightarrow y = 2(1) + 3 = 5$

3) $2x + y = 3$ ← PUT INTO $y = mx + b$ (see below)



$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + y = 3 \\ -2x \quad -2x \\ \hline y = -2x + 3 \end{array}$$

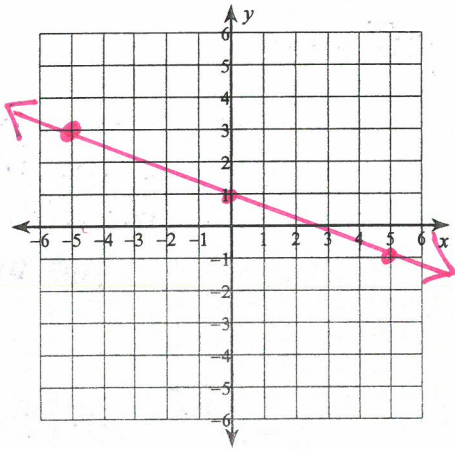
x	y
-1	5
0	3
1	1

GRAPHING USING THE TABLE METHOD

- POT EQ IN $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- Create a table with 3 ordered pairs

x	y
- PICK EASY X VALUES
EX1 use $x = -1, 0, 1$
EX2 use $x = -2, 0, 2$
- PLOT THE POINTS
- DRAW A LONG STRAIGHT LINE WITH ARROWS

4) $2x + 5y = 5$

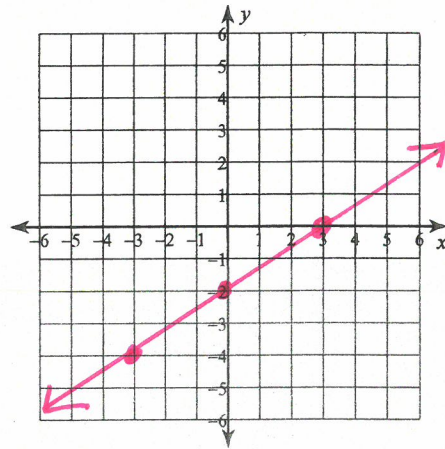


$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{4} \quad 2x + 5y = 5 \\ \quad \underline{-2x} \quad \quad \quad \underline{-2x} \\ \quad \quad 5y = \frac{-2x + 5}{5} \end{array}$$

s/t: $y = \frac{-2}{5}x + 1$

x	-5	0	5
y	3	1	-1

5) $2x - 3y = 6$

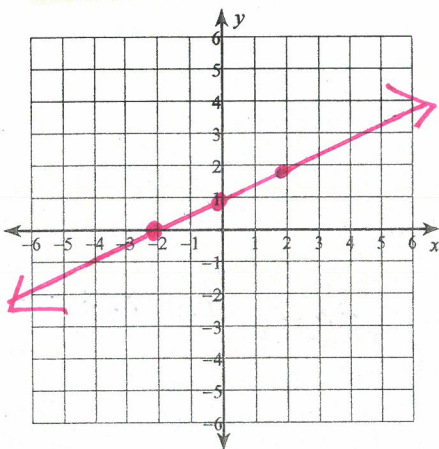


$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{5} \quad 2x - 3y = 6 \\ \quad \underline{-2x} \quad \quad \quad \underline{-2x} \\ \quad \quad -3y = \frac{-2x + 6}{-3} \end{array}$$

s/t: $y = \frac{2}{3}x - 2$

x	-3	0	3
y	-4	-2	0

6) $x - 2y = -2$



$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{6} \quad x - 2y = -2 \\ \quad \underline{-x} \quad \quad \quad \underline{-x} \\ \quad \quad -2y = \frac{-x - 2}{-2} \end{array}$$

implied -1
so $-\frac{1}{2}x = \frac{1}{2}x$

s/t: $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$

x	-2	0	2
y	0	1	2