# GUMMY BEAR PROJECT

#### 2019 Tips on Key Points to Discuss in Formal Written Report Sections

#### **General Comments**

- The goal of the written report is write a report your parents and friends could understand.
- Use hedging words. Round to units or 1 decimal for readability.
- Do NOT use Treatment 1 or T1 !!!!! Use clear descriptions (30°, 1 band, top position, etc. ).

### Introduction (about 2 paragraphs)

This should be a concise summary describing your experiment.

- Summarize the experiment by describing the experimental units, factors, treatments.
- State what your initial hypothesis was.
- Discuss the 3 key components of a well-designed experiment, why they are important and how they relate to your project (do not rewrite what you wrote in the working document).

#### Summary of your Treatment Data (several short paragraphs)

Remember CUSS and BS. Use hedging words. Round to units or 1 decimal for readability.

- You should review the summary statistics and graphs before writing this section:
- <u>Paragraph 1</u> describes the each treatment. <u>Include numbers</u> here.
  - A sentence for each treatment. Each sentence describes in context the shape, center, spread, and anything unusual.
- <u>Paragraph 2</u> compared the treatments. <u>No numbers</u> in this paragraph.
  - A sentence that compares the center for your treatments
  - A sentence that compares the spread for your treatments
  - A couple of sentence discussing the shape, outliers and anything that was unusual. Then discuss why you think they occurred.
- <u>Paragraph 3</u> discussing what you found interesting when analyzing the treatment data.

#### <u>Summary of Inference Procedures (a minimum of 3 paragraphs)</u>

Summarize the results of your Gummy Bear experiment so someone without a statistical background could understand

- Summarize your test of hypothesis
  - What statistical test did you use? No numbers are needed. Just explain what were the results of the test(s)? Did the results support your hypothesis?
- Summarize your confidence intervals
  - What inference procedures did you use? What confidence level did you use?
  - For your confidence intervals, provide the point estimate (the mean) and the margin of error.
  - What does the confidence interval tell us about the distance traveled?
  - Discuss how the test of hypothesis and confidence interval results compare (or do not compare).
    - Remember: a 1-tail TOH does not equal a CI but they are both inference tests.
- <u>BONUS PARAGRAPH</u>: Expand your statistical knowledge by thinking about the implications for other applications or inference about the population. Questions to think about"
  - What inference can you make when you take an SRS from the population of interest?
  - What inference can you make when you randomly assign treatments in a well-designed experiment?

## <u>Reflections on Your Experiment (3 short paragraphs)</u>

- What went wrong? No experiment is perfect!
- Were there any results that surprised you?
- What would you do differently if you were to do this experiment again?
- Why was this project interesting (or not)?