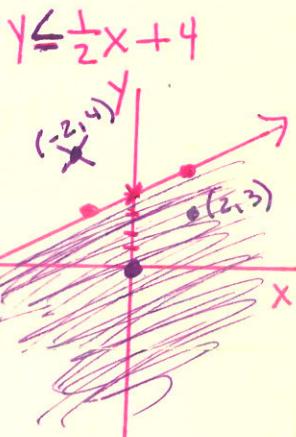


Remember: For INEQUALITIES, You must switch the symbol when you mult/divide the variable by a negative number.

6.7 Graph Linear Inequalities in Two Variables

- Goal:** • Graph linear inequalities in two variables.

Your Notes



$$T(-2, 4)$$

$$y \leq \frac{1}{2}(-2) + 4$$

$$4 \leq 3 \text{ N.S}$$

$$T(2, 3)$$

$$3 \leq \frac{1}{2}(2) + 4$$

$$3 \leq 5 \text{ sol.}$$

$$T(0, 0)$$

$$0 \leq 4 \text{ sol.}$$

VOCABULARY

Linear inequality in two variables are the same as Linear EQUATIONS BUT

have INEQUALITY SYMBOLS ($>$, $<$, \geq , \leq)

Graph of an inequality in two variables

Graph the linear equation

AND SHADE ALL THE SOLUTIONS FOR THE INEQUALITY

Example 1 Check solutions of a linear inequality

Tell whether the ordered pair is a solution of

$$3x - 4y > 9.$$

$$(x, y)$$

a. Test (2, 0):

$$3x - 4y > 9$$

Write inequality.

$$3(2) - 4(0) > 9$$

Substitute 2 for x and

$$6 > 9 \text{ F}$$

0 for y.

Simplify.

(2, 0) IS NOT a solution.

b. Test (2, -1):

$$3x - 4y > 9$$

Write inequality.

$$3(2) - 4(-1) > 9$$

Substitute 2 for x and

$$6 + 4 > 9$$

-1 for y.

$$10 > 9 \text{ T}$$

Simplify.

(2, -1) IS a solution.

④ TEST THE origin (0, 0)

$$3(0) - 4(0) > 9$$

$$0 > 9$$

THE ORIGIN IS NOT A SOLUTION

Your Notes

GRAPH USING ANY METHOD

① Create a table



* pick 3 easy pts

$$x = -1, 0, 1$$

$$y = \frac{1}{3}x + 5$$

USE MULTIPLES OF DEN. (3)

$$x = -3, 0, 3$$

② Graph using
 $y = mx + b$

* plot y-intercept (b) $(0, 6)$

* use slope to find additional points

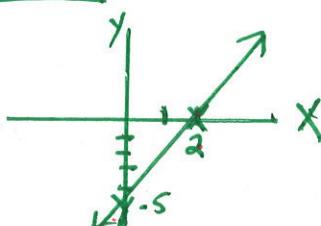
$$m = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}}$$

③ Graph using x and y intercepts

$$\text{Ex/ } 5x - 2y = 10$$

$$\text{SET } y=0 \rightarrow |x:2| (2, 0)$$

$$\text{SET } x=0 \rightarrow |y:-5| (0, -5)$$



GRAPHING A LINEAR INEQUALITY IN TWO VARIABLES

Step 1 Graph the boundary line. Use a dashed line for $<$ or $>$, and use a solid line for \leq or \geq .

Step 2 Test a point not on the line by checking whether the ordered pair is a solution of the inequality.

Using $(0, 0)$ is the easiest point to test.

Step 3 Shade the half plane containing the point if the ordered pair is a solution of the inequality. Shade the other half plane if the ordered pair is not a solution.

Example 2 Graph a linear inequality in two variables

Graph the inequality $y < -\frac{1}{2}x + 4$.

Solution

1. Graph the equation $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 4$. The inequality is $<$, so use a dashed line.

$$m = -\frac{1}{2}$$

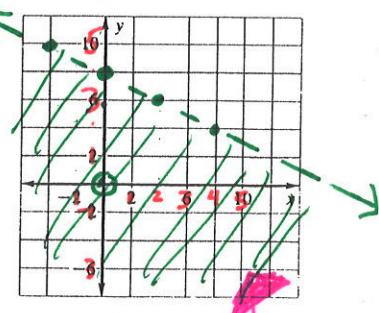
$$B = 4$$

2. Test $(0, 0)$ in $y < -\frac{1}{2}x + 4$.

$$0 < -\frac{1}{2}(0) + 4$$

$$0 < 4 \text{ TRUE}$$

3. Shade the half-plane that contains $(0, 0)$ because $(0, 0)$ IS a solution of the inequality.



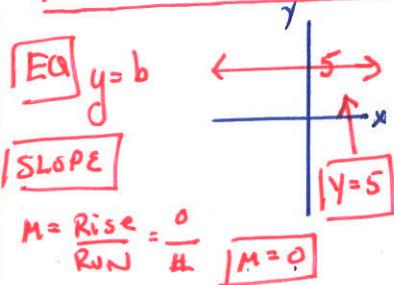
Changed the units to 1

SOLUTIONS ARE ALL THE POINTS IN THIS HALF PLANE.

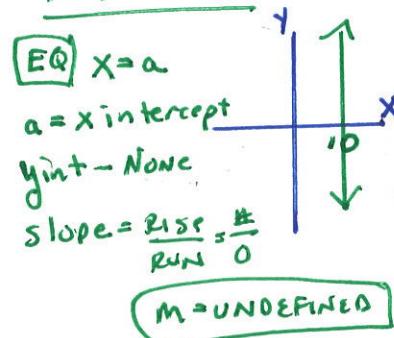
Your Notes

Review

Horizontal Lines



Vertical Lines



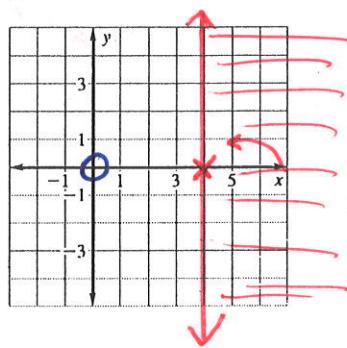
Homework

Example 3 Graph a linear inequality in one variable

Graph the inequality $x \geq 4$. ← VERTICAL LINE

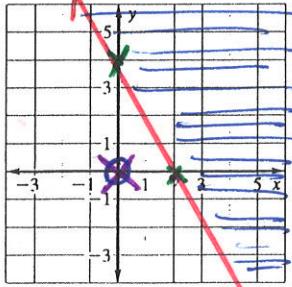
Solution

- Graph the equation $x = 4$. The inequality is \geq , so use a SOLID line.
- Test $(0, 0)$ in $x \geq 4$. You only substitute the X-Coordinate because the inequality does not have the variable y.
 $0 \geq 4$ FALSE
- Shade the half-plane that does NOT contain $(0, 0)$, because $(0, 0)$ IS NOT a solution of the inequality.

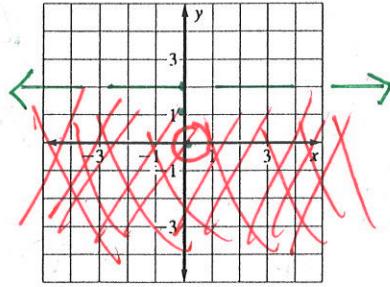


✓ Checkpoint Graph the inequality.

1. $2y + 4x \geq 8$



2. $y < 2$



Horizontal Line

Remember:

$y < 2$
can also be written:
 $y < 0x + 2$

① EASIEST METHOD TO GRAPH:

$x: 2$ ② USE A SOLID LINE
 $y: 4$ FOR \geq, \leq

T(0, 0)
 $0 < 2 \text{ T}$

③ What side to shade?

Pick a pt $(0, 0)$

$$2(0) + 4(0) \geq 8$$

$$0 \geq 8 \text{ F}$$

Shade the top half

Tell whether the ordered pair is a solution of the inequality.

1. $x + y > -9; (0, 0)$

$$\begin{aligned} 0+0 &> -9 \\ 0 &> -9 \end{aligned}$$

SOLUTION

2. $x - y \geq 8; (14, 9)$

$$\begin{aligned} 14-9 &\geq 8 \\ 5 &\geq 8 \end{aligned}$$

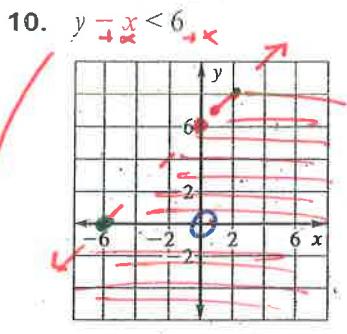
NOT A SOLUTION

3. $2x - y > 4; (-6, -15)$

$$\begin{aligned} 2(-6) - (-15) &> 4 \\ -12 + 15 &> 4 \\ 3 &> 4 \end{aligned}$$

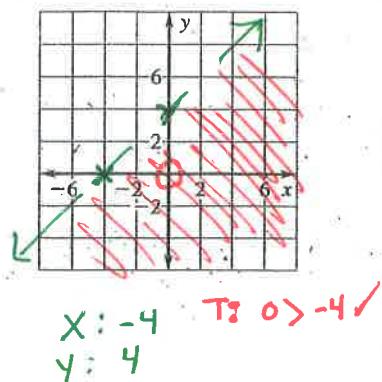
NOT A SOLUTION

Graph the inequality.

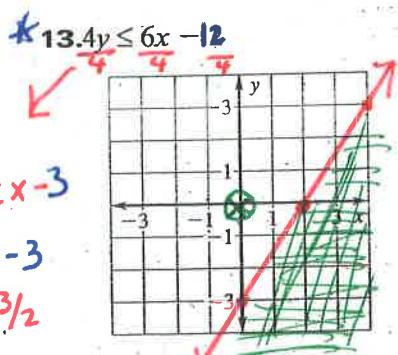
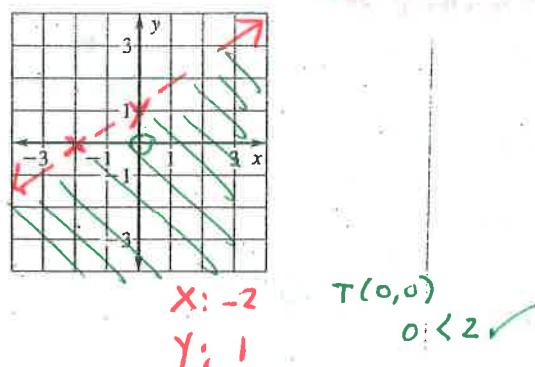


$$\begin{aligned} y &< x + 6 & x: -6 \\ & y: 6 & \\ b &= 6 & T(0,0) \\ m &= 1/1 & 0 < 6 \end{aligned}$$

11. $x - y > -4$

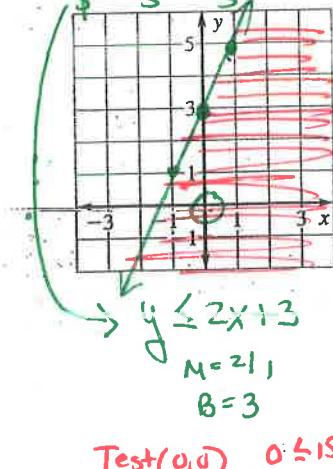


12. $2y - x < 2$



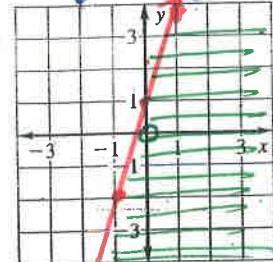
Test (0,0) $0 \leq -12$ (F)

14. $5y \leq 10x + 15$



Test (0,0) $0 \leq 15$ (T)

* 15. $-6y + 6 \geq -18x$



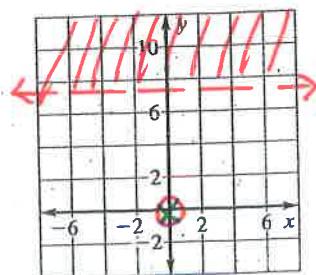
$$\begin{aligned} -6y &\geq -18x + 6 \\ -6 &\geq -18 \\ y &\leq 3x + 1 \end{aligned}$$

$m = 3 \quad b = 1$

Test (0,0)
 $-6(0) + 6 > -18(0)$
 $6 > 0$

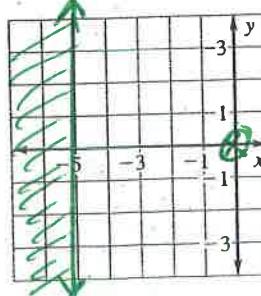
19. $y > 7$

$0 > 7$ (F)



20. $x \leq -5$

$0 \leq -5$ (F)



Practice

For use with pages 404–412

Tell whether the ordered pair is a solution of the inequality.

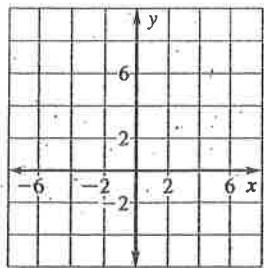
1. $x + y > -9; (0, 0)$

2. $x - y \geq 8; (14, 9)$

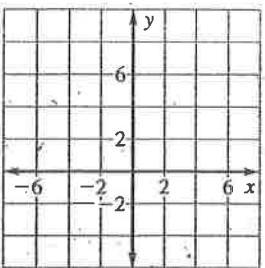
3. $2x - y > 4; (-6, -15)$

Graph the inequality.

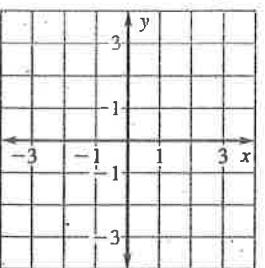
10. $y - x < 6$



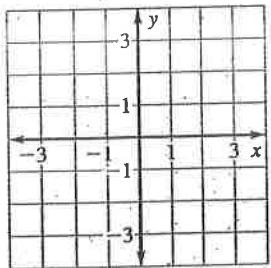
11. $x - y > -4$



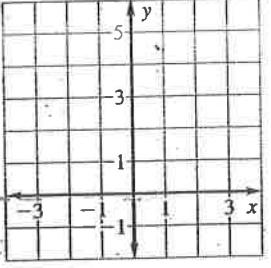
12. $2y - x < 2$



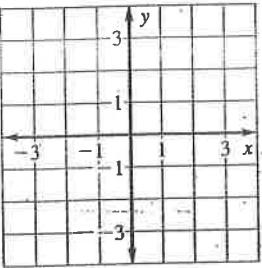
13. $4y \leq 6x - 12$



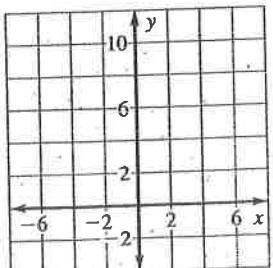
14. $5y \leq 10x + 15$



15. $-6y + 6 \geq -18x$



19. $y > 7$



20. $x \leq -5$

