

9.1 to 9.7 Kuta Mid-Chapter Review

Date _____ Period _____

Name each polynomial by degree and number of terms.

1) $-r^2 - 5r + 7$ QUADRATIC TRINOMIAL

2) $3x^0$ CONSTANT MONOMIAL

3) $-7n + 3$ LINEAR BINOMIAL

4) $-7b^2 + 7b$ QUADRATIC BINOMIAL

Simplify each sum. (remember to write polynomials in descending order) \rightarrow H \rightarrow L Exponent

5) $(-x + 8x^2 - 6x^4 + 6x^3 - 7) + (-6x^3 + 4x^2 - 5x^4 - 5x + 2)$

$$-11x^4 + 12x^2 - 6x - 5$$

Differences. Rewrite as a sum. Then simplify.

6) $(2 - x^3 + 4x^2) - (8x^2 + 5 + 8x^3)$

$$2 - x^3 + 4x^2 - 8x^2 - 5 - 8x^3 =$$

$$-9x^3 - 4x^2 - 3$$

7) $(-8n - n^2 - 3) - (-8 + 3n^3 - 5n)$

$$-8n - n^2 - 3 + 8 - 3n^3 + 5n =$$

$$-3n^3 - n^2 - 3n + 5$$

Find each product of binomials.

8) $(3x - 8)(5x + 5) =$

$$15x^2 + 15x - 40x - 40 =$$

$$15x^2 - 25x - 40$$

9) $(5x - 7)(5x + 7) =$

$$25x^2 + 35x - 35x - 49 =$$

$$25x^2 - 49$$

10) $(6x - 2)^2 = (6x - 2)(6x - 2) =$

$$36x^2 - 12x - 12x + 4 =$$

$$36x^2 - 24x + 4$$

11) $(4x + 3)^2 = (4x + 3)(4x + 3) =$

$$16x^2 + 12x + 12x + 9 =$$

$$16x^2 + 24x + 9$$

Find the product.

12) $(5x - 2)(7x^2 - 2x - 1) = 35x^3 - 10x^2 - 5x +$

$$-14x^2 + 4x + 2 =$$

$$35x^3 - 24x^2 - x + 2$$

Factor completely. (Step: Is there a GCF?)

13) $-18n^6 - 54n^5 + 48n^2$

ALWAYS FACTOR
(-1) FROM LEADING
COEF!

$$-6n^2(3n^4 + 9n^3 - 8)$$

14) $12n^4 - 12n^2 - 4n = 4n(3n^3 - 3n - 1)$

$$15) x^2 - 8x + 12$$

$$(x-2)(x-6)$$

$$16) x^2 + 2x - 80$$

$$(x+10)(x-8)$$

$$17) x^2 - 12x + 32$$

$$(x-4)(x-8)$$

$$18) x^2 - 5x - 24$$

$$(x-8)(x+3)$$

$$19) 16x^2 - 9$$

$$(4x-3)(4x+3)$$

Perfect SQ
MINUS
Perfect SQ

$$20) 4n^2 - 25$$

$$(2n+5)(2n-5)$$

$$21) 9x^2 + 24x + 16$$

$$(3x+4)(3x+4)$$

OR $(3x+4)^2$

TRINOMIAL
SQUARES

$$22) 4x^2 - 20x + 25$$

$$(2x-5)(2x-5)$$

OR $(2x-5)^2$

$$23) 7n^2 - 4n - 3$$

$$(7n+3)(n-1)$$

$$24) 3x^2 - 22x + 7$$

$$(3x-1)(x-7)$$

$$25) -5x^2 - 2x + 3$$

$$-1(5x^2 + 2x - 3)$$

$$-1(5x-3)(x+1)$$

$$26) -x^2 + 3x + 18$$

$$-1(x^2 - 3x - 18)$$

$$-1(x+3)(x-6)$$

$$27) 4x^2 - 28x - 32$$

$$4(x^2 - 7x - 8)$$

FACTOR
GCF

$$28) 5x^2 + 15x - 90$$

$$5(x^2 + 3x - 18)$$

$$4(x-8)(x+1)$$

$$5(x+6)(x-3)$$