

7.5 Solve Special Types of Linear Systems

Goal • Identify the number of solutions of a linear system.

Your Notes

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pgroves Options

VOCABULARY

Systems have 3 Type of Solutions:
1) One Solution: 2 LINES THAT INTERSECT AT ONE POINT.
2) No Solution: ARE PARALLEL LINES
3) Infinite Solutions ARE THE SAME LINE

Consistent dependent system A linear system with infinitely many solutions

Example 1 A linear system with no solutions

Show that the linear system has no solution.

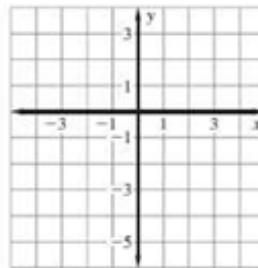
$-2x + y = 1$ Equation 1

$-2x + y = -3$ Equation 2

Solution

Method 1 Graphing

Graph the linear system.
 The lines are _____
 because they have the same slope but different
 y-intercepts. Parallel lines
 do _____, so the
 system has _____.



To ease graphing, write each equation in slope intercept form.

Example 1 A linear system with no solutions

Show that the linear system has no solution.

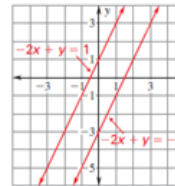
$-2x + y = 1$ Equation 1 $\rightarrow y = 2x + 1$

$-2x + y = -3$ Equation 2 $\rightarrow y = 2x - 3$

Solution

Method 1 Graphing

Graph the linear system.
 The lines are parallel
 because they have the same slope but different
 y-intercepts. Parallel lines
 do not intersect, so the
 system has no solution.



Solution to THIS SYSTEM:

NO SOLUTION

To ease graphing, write each equation in slope intercept form.

Method 2 Elimination

Subtract the equations.

$$\begin{array}{r} -2x + y = 1 \\ -2x + y = -3 \\ \hline 0 = 4 \end{array}$$

The variables are eliminated and you are left with a false statement regardless of the values of x and y. This tells you that the system has no solution.

Your Notes

Example 2 A linear system with infinitely many solutions

Show that the linear system has infinitely many solutions.

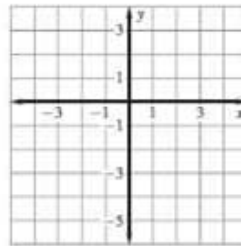
$$x + 3y = -3 \quad \text{Equation 1}$$

$$3x + 9y = -9 \quad \text{Equation 2}$$

Solution

Method 1 Graphing

Graph the linear system.
The equations represent the _____, so any point on the line is a solution.
So, the linear system has _____.



Your Notes

EQ1

$$\begin{array}{r} x + 3y = -3 \\ -x \qquad -x \\ \hline 3y = -3 \\ \frac{3y}{3} = \frac{-3}{3} \\ y = -1 \end{array}$$

EQ2

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 9y = -9 \\ \frac{3x}{3} + \frac{9y}{3} = \frac{-9}{3} \\ x + 3y = -3 \\ \frac{x + 3y = -3}{x + 3y = -3} \\ \hline 0 = 0 \end{array}$$

Example 2 A linear system with infinitely many solutions

Show that the linear system has infinitely many solutions.

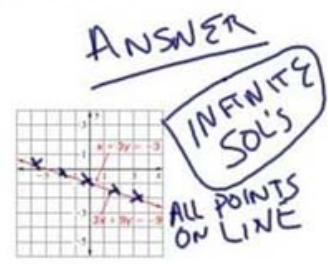
$$x + 3y = -3 \quad \text{Equation 1}$$

$$3x + 9y = -9 \quad \text{Equation 2}$$

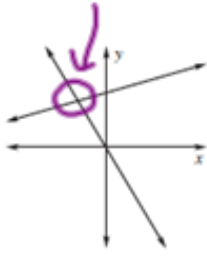
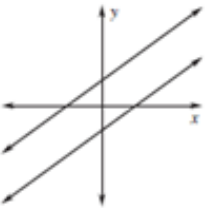
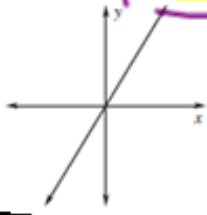
Solution

Method 1 Graphing

Graph the linear system.
The equations represent the same line, so any point on the line is a solution.
So, the linear system has infinitely many solutions.



NUMBER OF SOLUTIONS OF A LINEAR SYSTEM

One solution	No solution	Infinitely many solutions ∞ SOLUTIONS
		
The lines <u>intersect</u> . The lines have <u>different</u> slopes.	The lines are <u>parallel</u> . The lines have the same slope and <u>different</u> y-intercepts.	[REDACTED] The lines have the same slope and the <u>same</u> y-intercept.