

2.1

Use Integers and Rational Numbers

Goal • Graph and compare positive and negative numbers.

Your Notes

VOCABULARY

Whole number are 0, 1, 2, 3, 4...

Integer are whole numbers and their opposites.
 $-\infty \dots -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3 \dots +\infty$

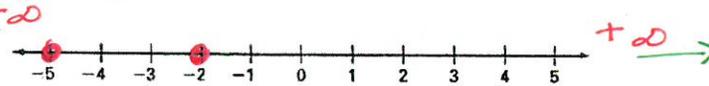
Rational number A NUMBER THAT CAN BE WRITTEN AS A FRACTION.

INTEGERS - NO FRACTIONS

Example 1 Graph and compare integers

Graph -2 and -5 on a number line. Then tell which number is less.

Solution



On the number line, -5 is to the left of -2 .

So, $-5 < -2$ OR $-2 > -5$

Negative integers are integers less than 0 and positive integers are integers greater than 0. The integer 0 is neither negative nor positive.

Example 2 Classify numbers

Tell whether each of the following numbers is a whole number, an integer, or a rational number:

Number	Whole Number?	Integer?	Rational Number?
3	Y	Y	Y (3/1)
1.7	N	N	Y (17/10)
-14	N	Y	Y (-14/1)
$-\frac{1}{2}$	N	N	Y
$-5\frac{1}{3}$	N	N	Y (-16/3)
$-\sqrt{4}$	N	Y	Y (-2)
π	N	N	N 3.14159...

NOTE: π and $\sqrt{2}$ are irrational numbers

2 is NOT A PERFECT SQUARE

Perfect square

$\sqrt{2}$ N N N 1.4142... NO PATTERN

Example 3 Order rational numbers

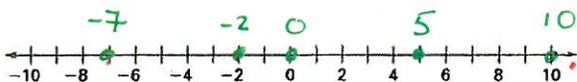
Temperature The table shows the low daily temperatures for a town over a five-day period. Order the ~~days~~ ^{temps} from warmest to coldest.

Day	1	2	3	4	5
Temperature	0°C	10°C	-2°C	5°C	-7°C

Solution

Step 1

Graph the numbers on a number line.



Step 2

Read the numbers from left to right: *small* → *big* (coldest to warmest)

-7, -2, 0, 5, 10

From warmest to coldest the days are 10, 5, 0, -2, -7

big → *small*
Read **RIGHT TO LEFT**

Your Notes

VOCABULARY

Opposite Two numbers that are the same distance from ZERO. **EXAMPLE: 2 and -2**

The symbol for opposite is **$-a$**

Take the opposite of a .

Example 4 Find opposites of numbers

a. If $a = -4.8$, then $-a = -(-4.8) = 4.8$.

b. If $a = \frac{5}{6}$, then $-a = -\left(\frac{5}{6}\right) =$

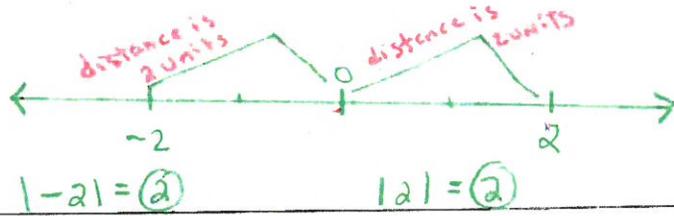
$-\frac{5}{6}$

show substitution

VOCABULARY THINK about || symbols → mean ()'s

Absolute value IS THE DISTANCE FROM ZERO.

The absolute value symbol is | |.



ABSOLUTE VALUE OF A NUMBER

Words

Numbers (EXAMPLE)

If x is a positive number, then $|x| = x$.

$|5| = 5$

If x is 0, then $|x| = 0$.

$|0| = 0$

If x is a NEGATIVE number, then $|-x| = x$.

$|-4| = 4$

Think! Why are these NOT EQUAL?

$$\begin{array}{ccc} |-5| & \neq & -|5| \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ 5 & \neq & -5 \end{array}$$

You must follow order of operations

3 RULES ① ② ③

Example 5 Find absolute values of numbers

a. If $a = -\frac{3}{7}$, then $|a| = \left| -\frac{3}{7} \right| = \frac{3}{7}$

b. If $a = 2.9$, then $|a| = |2.9| = 2.9$

↑ Show substitution ↑ "EVALUATE" EXPRESSION

✔ **Checkpoint** For the given value of a , find $-a$ and $|a|$.

2. $a = 6$	3. $a = -9.5$	4. $a = -\frac{3}{8}$
$-(6) = (-6)$	$-a = (9.5)$	$-a = (\frac{3}{8})$
$ 6 = (6)$	$ a = (9.5)$	$ a = (\frac{3}{8})$

$-a$ →
 $|a|$ →

$-a$ means? take the opposite of a

$|a|$ means? take the absolute value of a

2.2 Add Real Numbers

Goal • Add positive and negative numbers.

Your Notes

VOCABULARY

Additive identity IS ZERO (0). THE SUM OF A NUMBER "A" AND 0 IS "A": $A + 0 = A$

Additive inverse means the same as "OPPOSITE". THE SUM OF "A" AND ITS OPPOSITE IS 0: $a + (-a) = 0$

↑ additive inverse

Example 1 Add two integers using a number line

Use the number line to find the sum.

a. $-5 + 7 = +2 = 2$

How do you add a POSITIVE and a NEGATIVE number?

1 TAKE THE DIFFERENCE OF THE NUMBERS

2 KEEP THE SIGN OF THE LARGER ABSOLUTE VALUE

b. $-3 + (-4) = -7$

How do you add numbers with the same signs?

1 ADD THE NUMBERS

2 KEEP THE SIGN

$$5 + (-7) = -2$$

Remember: To add a positive number, move to the right on a number line. To add a negative number, move to the left.

Your Notes

RULES OF ADDITION

To add two numbers with the same sign:

1. Add their ABSOLUTE VALUES
2. The sum has the same sign as the numbers added.

Example: $-5 + (-7) = -12$

To add two numbers with different signs:

1. Subtract the lesser absolute value.
2. The sum has the same sign as the number with the GREATER absolute value.

Example: $-10 + 4 = -6$

Example 2 Add real numbers

Find the sum.

a. $-2.5 + (-4.2) =$

$=$ *Mental STEP*
 $= -6.7$

Rule of same signs
 Take absolute values.
 Add.

b. $10.5 + (-15.0) =$

$=$ *MENTAL STEP*
 $= -4.5$

Rule of different signs
 Take absolute values.
 Subtract and take sign from greater absolute value.

Checkpoint Find the sum.

1. $-7 + (-3)$ -10	2. $9.6 + (-2.1)$ $+7.5$
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③ $5 + (-9) + (-12) + 6$

Tip • Add -'s
 • Then add +'s

$-21 + 11 =$
 -10

Your Notes

IN FINAL ANSWERS

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{No} + - \rightarrow +(-1) \\ \text{X} \\ \text{NO} \\ \text{NO} \end{array}$$

PROPERTIES OF ADDITION

Commutative Property The order in which you add two numbers does not change the sum.

$$a + b = b + a$$

NOTICE: THE VARIABLES SWITCH. REVERSE THE TERMS. THE RESULTS ARE EQUAL.

Example: $-1 + 3 = 3 + (-1)$

Associative Property The way you group three numbers in a sum does not change the sum.

$$(a + b) + c = a + (b + c)$$

ASSOCIATE MEANS GROUPING SYMBOLS.

Example: $(1 + 2) + 3 = 1 + (2 + 3)$

NOTICE TERM STAY IN SAME ORDER

Identity Property The sum of a number and 0 is the number.

$$a + 0 = a$$

"ANYTHING PLUS 0" IS ITSELF

Example: $4 + 0 = 4$

Inverse Property The sum of a number and its opposite is 0.

$$a + (-a) = 0$$

ADD OPPOSITES EQUALS ZERO

Example: $-9 + 9 = 0$

* what is the difference between terms and factors?

** TERMS are separated by +, - signs.

** FACTORS are separated by MULT. SIGNS.

IMPORTANT DEFINITIONS

EXAMPLES

3 TERMS:

$$-2x - 5 + 10 \rightarrow 2x, -5, 10$$

Checkpoint Identify the property being illustrated.

Commutative
Associative
IDENTITY
INVERSE

3. $-5 + 5 = 0$

INVERSE

4. $(-5 + 2) + 3 = -5 + (2 + 3)$

ASSOCIATIVE

5. $x + 5 = 5 + x$

COMMUTATIVE COMMUTATIVE

6. $y + 0 = y$

Additive IDENTITY

7. $(5 + 6) + 7 = (6 + 5) + 7$

COMMUTATIVE

3 FACTORS

$$-5 \times y \rightarrow -5, x, y$$

2.3

Subtract Real Numbers

Goal • Subtract real numbers.

Your Notes

SUBTRACTION RULE

Words: To subtract b from a , add the OPPOSITE of b to a .

Algebra: $a - b = a + (-b)$

Numbers: $15 - 7 = 15 + (-7)$

→ "ADD THE OPPOSITE"

THERE IS NO SUCH THING AS SUBTRACTION NOW!

We simply add positive and negative #'s.

Example 1 Subtract real numbers

Find the difference. *Write as an addition problem*

a. $-10 - 4 = -10 + (-4) = -14$

b. $13 - (-11) = 13 + 11 = 24$

Example 2 Evaluate a variable expression

Evaluate the expression $a - b + 5.3$ when $a = 6.5$ and $b = -3$.

Solution

$a - b + 5.3 = 6.5 - (-3) + 5.3$ Substitute values.

$= 6.5 + 3 + 5.3$ Add the opposite of -3 .

$= 14.8$ Add.

ALWAYS use

()'s when substituting NEGATIVE

#'s to make

sure you

do order operations

correctly.

Checkpoint Find the difference.

1. $-4 - 8 = -4 + (-8) = -12$

2. $9 - 18 = 9 + (-18) = -9$

Write as an addition problem

Then evaluate

Checkpoint Evaluate the expression when $m = 3.2$ and $t = -4$. Show substitution

3. $m - t + 2 = 3.2 - (-4) + 2 = 3.2 + 4 + 2 = 9.2$

4. $(m - 3) - t = [(3.2) - 3] - (-4) = 0.2 + 4 = 4.2$

Show substitution

Write as Add problem

EVALUATE