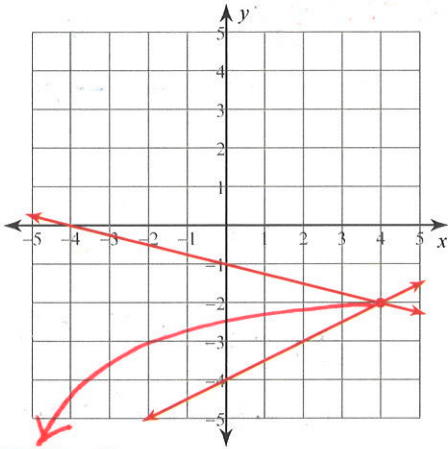


Chapter 3 Practice Test (3.1 - 3.3)

Solve by graphing BY HAND. Check!

1)  $y = -\frac{1}{4}x - 1$   
 $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 4$

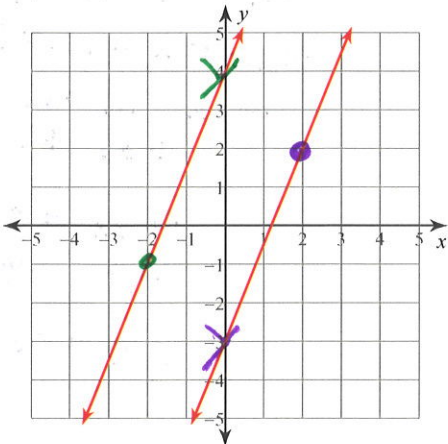


$(4, -2)$

C:  $-2 = -\frac{1}{4}(4) - 1$   
 $-2 = -2 \checkmark$   
 C:  $-2 = \frac{1}{2}(4) - 4$   
 $-2 = -2 \checkmark$

Remember to check the solution  $(x, y)$  in BOTH original equations!!

3)  $5x - 2y = -8$   
 $5x - 2y = 6$

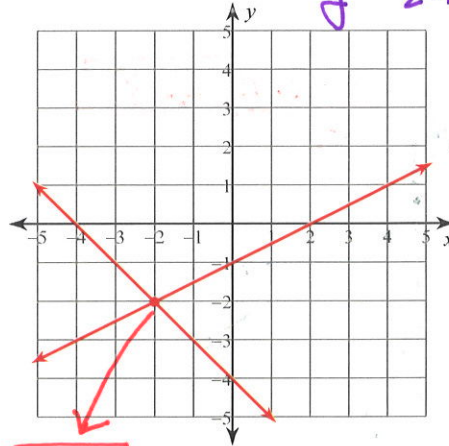


No solution

③ 
$$\begin{array}{r} 5x - 2y = -8 \\ -5x \phantom{- 2y} = -5x \\ \hline -2y = -5x - 8 \\ \frac{-2y}{-2} = \frac{-5x - 8}{-2} \\ y = \frac{5}{2}x + 4 \end{array}$$

③ 
$$\begin{array}{r} 5x - 2y = 6 \\ -5x \phantom{- 2y} = -5x \\ \hline -2y = -5x + 6 \\ \frac{-2y}{-2} = \frac{-5x + 6}{-2} \\ y = \frac{5}{2}x - 3 \end{array}$$

2)  $x + y = -4 \rightarrow y = -x - 4$   
 $x - 2y = 2 \rightarrow y = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$



$(-2, -2)$

USE YOUR CALC!!

Solve the system by graphing using the TICALC.

a) Sketch the graph

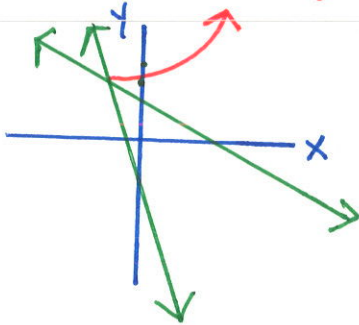
b) Identify the solution on the graph and label. Round the ordered pair to 2 decimals.

c) Check algebraically.

4)  $y = -\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{11}{2}$

$y = -\frac{11}{3}x - \frac{15}{4}$

$(-2.707, 6.176)$   $(-2.71, 6.18)$

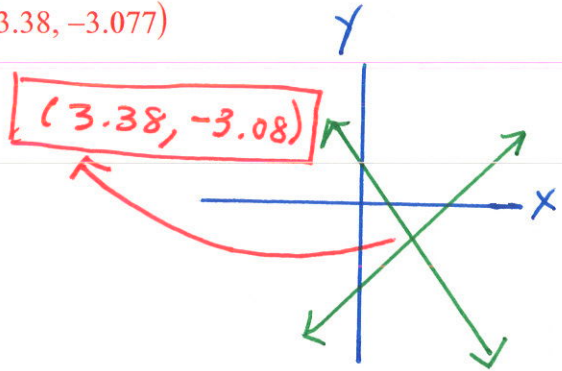


C:  $6.18 \approx 6.1775 \checkmark$

C:  $6.18 \approx 6.1867 \checkmark$

5)  $y = 1.567x - 8.375$   
 $y = -1.425x + 1.74$

$(3.38, -3.077)$



C:  $-3.08 \approx -3.07854 \checkmark$

C:  $-3.08 \approx -3.0765 \checkmark$

Solve system by substitution. Then Check!

6)  $-8x + 8y = 16$

$y = -6x + 9$

$(1, 3)$

$-8x + 8(-6x + 9) = 16$

$-8x - 48x + 72 = 16$

$-56x + 72 = 16$

$-72 - 72$

$-56x = -56$

$-56 - 56$

$x = 1$

FIND Y

$y = -6x + 9 = -6(1) + 9$

$y = 3$

C:  $16 = 16 \checkmark$

C:  $3 = 3 \checkmark$

7)  $y = -5x - 9$

$-4x + 8y = 16$

$(-2, 1)$

$-4x + 8(-5x - 9) = 16$

$-4x - 40x - 72 = 16$

$-44x - 72 = 16$

$+72 + 72$

$-44x = 88$

$-44 - 44$

$x = -2$

FIND Y

$y = -5x - 9 = -5(-2) - 9$

$y = 1$

C:  $1 = 1 \checkmark$

C:  $16 = 16 \checkmark$

Solve each system by elimination (if possible). Then Check!

$$\begin{array}{r} 8) \quad 3x + 9y = 6 \\ \quad -2x - 9y = 2 \\ \hline (8, -2) \end{array}$$

$X=8$

Find y

$$\begin{array}{r} 3(8) + 9y = 6 \\ -24 \qquad -24 \\ \hline 9y = -18 \\ \frac{9y}{9} = \frac{-18}{9} \\ y = -2 \end{array}$$

Add method  
opposite  
COEF'S

$$\begin{array}{r} 9) \quad -2x - 5y = -8 \\ \quad 2x + 4y = 4 \\ \hline (-6, 4) \end{array}$$

$y=4$

Find x

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 4(4) = 4 \\ -16 \qquad -16 \\ \hline 2x = -12 \\ \frac{2x}{2} = \frac{-12}{2} \\ x = -6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10) \quad -4x - 2y = -16 \\ -1(-4x - 5y = -22) \\ \hline (3, 2) \end{array}$$

$y=2$

Find x

$$\begin{array}{r} -4x - 2(2) = -16 \\ -4x - 4 = -16 \\ +4 \quad +4 \\ \hline -4x = -12 \\ \frac{-4x}{-4} = \frac{-12}{-4} \\ x = 3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11) \quad 3x + 8y = -3 \\ -1(6x + 8y = -30) \\ \hline (-9, 3) \end{array}$$

$x=-9$

Find y

$$\begin{array}{r} 3(-9) + 8y = -3 \\ -27 + 8y = -3 \\ +27 \qquad +27 \\ \hline 8y = 24 \\ \frac{8y}{8} = \frac{24}{8} \\ y = 3 \end{array}$$

SPECIAL CASES

$$\begin{array}{r} 12) \quad 2x + 8y = -24 \\ \quad -2x - 8y = 24 \\ \hline 0 = 0 \end{array}$$

Infinite number of solutions

Variables dropout  
and  
numbers are EQUAL

$$\begin{array}{r} 13) \quad 8x + 8y = 2 \\ \quad -8x - 8y = 8 \\ \hline 0 \neq 10 \end{array}$$

No solution

Variables dropout  
and  
numbers are NOT EQUAL



Solve each system by elimination. Then Check!

$$14) \begin{cases} -10x - 20y = -20 \\ 4x + 10y = 14 \end{cases} \begin{array}{l} \times 4 \rightarrow -40x - 80y = -80 \\ \times 10 \rightarrow 40x + 100y = 140 \end{array}$$

$$\hline 20y = 60$$

$$\frac{20y}{20} = \frac{60}{20}$$

$$y = 3$$

FIND x

$$4x + 10(3) = 14$$

$$4x + 30 = 14$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{-16}{4}$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{-16}{4}$$

$$x = -4$$

$$15) \begin{cases} 7x - 5y = -21 \\ -3x - 3y = -27 \end{cases} \begin{array}{l} \times 3 \rightarrow 21x - 15y = -63 \\ \times 7 \rightarrow -21x - 21y = -189 \end{array}$$

$$\hline -36y = 252$$

$$\frac{-36y}{-36} = \frac{252}{-36}$$

$$y = 7$$

FIND y

$$7x - 5(7) = -21$$

$$7x - 35 = -21$$

$$\frac{7x}{7} = \frac{14}{7}$$

$$\frac{7x}{7} = \frac{14}{7}$$

$$x = 2$$

$$16) \begin{cases} 6x - 8y = -14 \\ 4x + 5y = -30 \end{cases} \begin{array}{l} \times 4 \rightarrow 24x - 32y = -56 \\ \times -6 \rightarrow -24x - 30y = +180 \end{array}$$

$$\hline -62y = 124$$

$$\frac{-62y}{-62} = \frac{124}{-62}$$

$$\frac{-62y}{-62} = \frac{124}{-62}$$

$$y = -2$$

FIND x:

$$4x + 5(-2) = -30$$

$$4x - 10 = -30$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{-20}{4}$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{-20}{4}$$

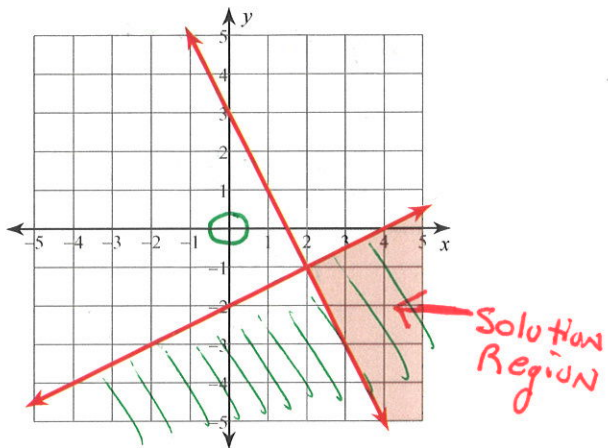
$$x = -5$$

Remember to check

# TEST (0,0)

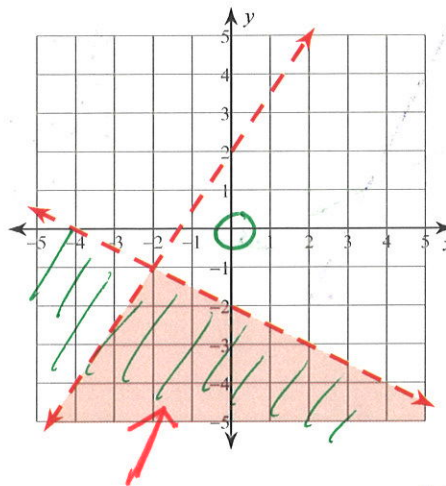
Sketch the solution to each system of inequalities.

17)  $y \geq -2x + 3$  T:  $0 > 3$  (F)  
 $y \leq \frac{1}{2}x - 2$  T:  $0 \leq -2$  (F)



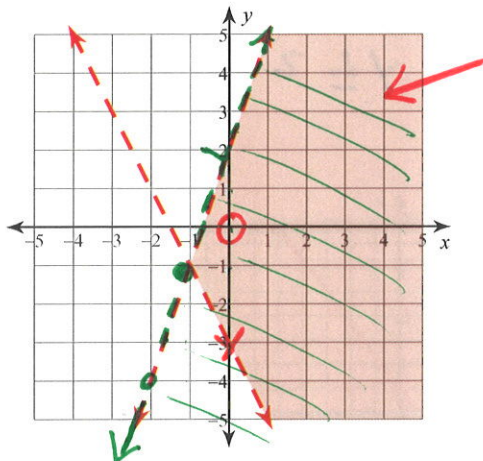
SOLID LINES  $\uparrow$   
 $=, \leq, \geq$

18)  $y < \frac{3}{2}x + 2$  T:  $0 < 2$  (T)  
 $y < -\frac{1}{2}x - 2$  T:  $0 < -2$  (F)



DASHED LINES  $\uparrow$   
 $<, >$

19)  $2x + y > -3$   
 $3x - y > -2$



$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + y > -3 \\ -2x \quad -2x \\ \hline y > -2x - 3 \\ T(0,0) \\ 0 > -3 \text{ (T)} \end{array}$$

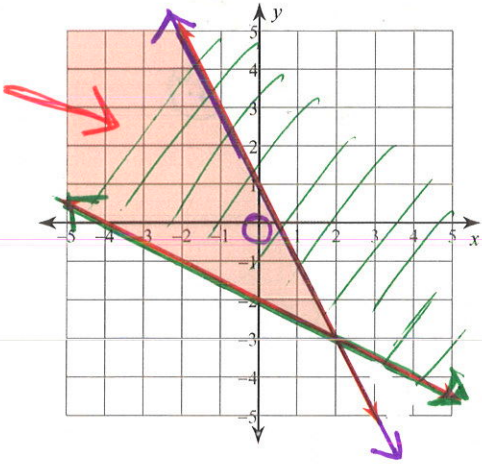
$$\begin{array}{r} 3x - y > -2 \\ -3x \quad -3x \\ \hline -y > -3x - 2 \\ \div -1 \quad \div -1 \quad \div -1 \\ \hline y < 3x + 2 \end{array}$$

reverse symbol

$y < 3x + 2$

T(0,0)  
 $0 > -2$  (T)

20)  $2x + y \leq 1$   
 $x + 2y \geq -4$



$$\frac{2x + y \leq 1}{-2x} \quad \frac{-x + 2y \geq -4}{-x}$$

$$y \leq -2x + 1$$

$$T(0,0)$$

$$0 \leq 1 \quad T$$

$$\frac{x + 2y \geq -4}{-x} \quad \frac{-x}{-x}$$

$$\frac{2y}{2} \geq \frac{-x - 4}{2} \quad \frac{-4}{2}$$

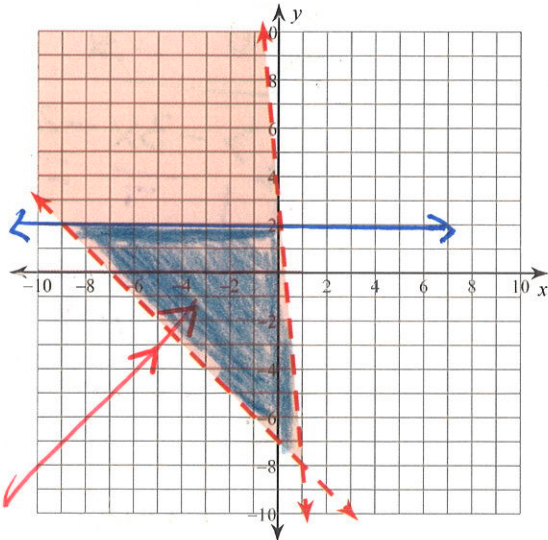
$$y \geq -\frac{1}{2}x - 2$$

$$T(0,0)$$

$$0 \geq -4 \quad T$$

Sketch the solution. Add the inequality to the following to each system of inequalities:  
 $Y \leq 2$  (Y LE 2)

21)  $y > -x - 7$   
 $y < -11x + 3$   $y \leq 2$



22)  $y \leq -\frac{4}{3}x - 5$   
 $y \geq \frac{4}{3}x + 3$   $y \leq 2$

